

COMPUTER AIDED ENGRAVING MACHINE **PNC-2300**

CAMM-2

by ROLAND DIGITAL GROUP

MODEL PNC-2300

USER'S MANUAL

Thank you very much for purchasing the CAMM-2 Model PNC-2300.

- To ensure correct and safe usage with a full understanding of this product's performance, please be sure to read through this manual completely and store it in a safe location.
- Unauthorized copying or transferral, in whole or in part, of this manual is prohibited.
- The contents of this operation manual and the specifications of this product are subject to change without notice.
- The operation manual and the product have been prepared and tested as much as possible. If you find any misprint or error, please inform us.

For the USA

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Unauthorized changes or modification to this system can void the users authority to operate this equipment.

The I/O cables between this equipment and the computing device must be shielded.

NOTICE

Grounding Instructions

Do not modify the plug provided - if it will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

Check with qualified electrician or service personnel if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if in doubt as to whether the tool is properly grounded.

Use only 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong grounding plugs and 3-pole receptacles that accept the tool's plug.

Repair or replace damaged or worn out cord immediately.

Operating Instructions

KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN. Cluttered areas and benches invites accidents.

DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT. Don't use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well lighted.

DISCONNECT TOOLS before servicing; when changing accessories, such as blades, bits, cutters, and like.

REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING. Make sure the switch is in off position before plugging in.

USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES. Consult the owner's manual for recommended accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause risk of injury to persons.

NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN POWER OFF. Don't leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.

For Canada

CLASS A NOTICE

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

CLASSE A AVIS

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.



ROLAND DG CORPORATION

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MODEL NAME : See the MODEL given on the rating plate.

RELEVANT DIRECTIVE : EC MACHINERY DIRECTIVE (89/392/EEC)

EC LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE (73/23/EEC)

EC ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY DIRECTIVE (89/336/EEC)

WARNING

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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How to Read This Manual

This manual is organized in the following format. Please use it in the way that best matches your needs.

Part 1 Startup

Basic operation, and the procedures to follow when cutting are explained here. Please read this section if you are using the PNC-2300 for the first time.

Part 2 User's Reference


Usage of the PNC-2300's functions, daily care, and an overview of instruction sets sent from the computer are explained here.


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Typographic Conventions


This manual uses certain typographic symbols, outlined below.


 This indicates a point requiring particular care to ensure safe use of the product.

 **DANGER** : Failure to heed this message will result in serious injury or death.

 **WARNING** : Failure to heed this message may result in serious injury or death.

 **CAUTION** : Failure to heed this message may result in minor injury.

 **NOTICE** : Indicates important information to prevent machine breakdown or malfunction and ensure correct use.

 : Indicates a handy tip or advice regarding use.

The names of keys on the control panel are printed in bold type and enclosed in square brackets.

Example: **[ENTER]** key

Messages that appear on the liquid-crystal display are enclosed in quotation marks.

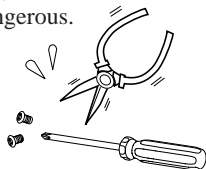
Example: “I/O”

To Ensure Safe Use

WARNING

Never disassemble or modify this product.

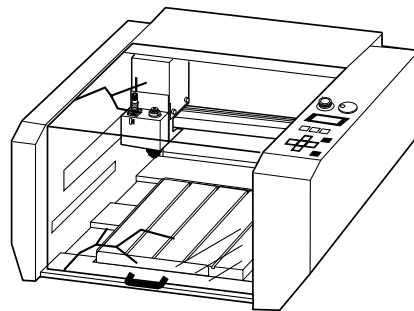
If the safety device is removed, which is very dangerous.



WARNING

Do not operate if a transparent cover is cracked or broken.

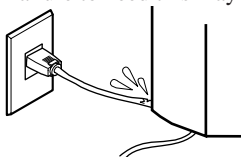
If the transparent cover at the front or the side of the unit is cracked, contact a service agent immediately for repairs.



CAUTION

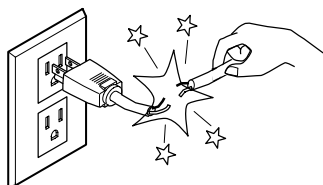
Handle the power cord with care.

Do not step on or damage the power cord, or allow heavy objects to be placed atop it. Failure to heed this may result in electrocution or fire.



CAUTION

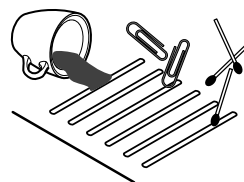
When pulling the power cord from an electrical socket, be sure to grip the plug.



CAUTION

Do not allow liquids, metal objects or flammables inside the machine.

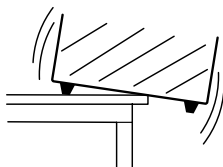
Fire or breakdown may result.



CAUTION

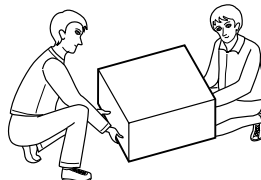
Do not install in an unstable or high location.

Do not installation the machine on the edge of a table, or it may fall.



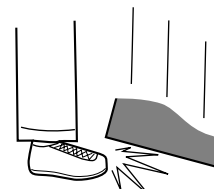
CAUTION

Unpacking, installation, and moving must be carried out by two or more persons.



CAUTION

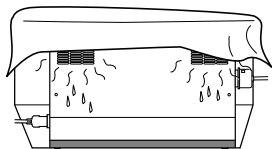
Do not drop when unpacking, installing, or moving.



CAUTION

Do not block the ventilation holes.

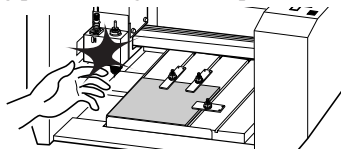
Blocking the ventilation holes at the rear of the unit may prevent heat radiation and cause fire.



CAUTION

Do not carelessly insert the hands while in operation.

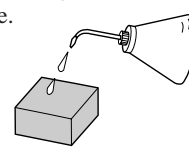
The fingers may become caught by moving parts (during manual operation.)



CAUTION

Do not use cutting oil when performing cutting.

Perform dry cutting with no cutting oil. Use of cutting oil may result in fire or machine failure.



CAUTION

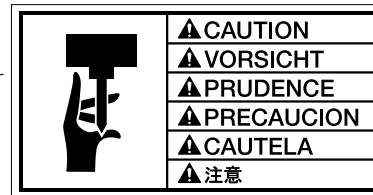
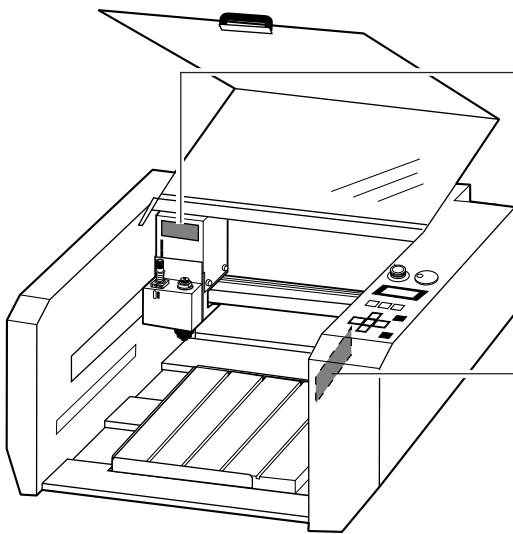
Wash hands when finished.

Wash hands with water to remove any adhering cutting chips.

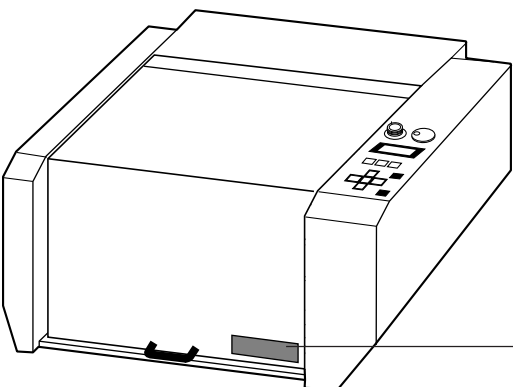


⚠ About the Labels Affixed to the Unit

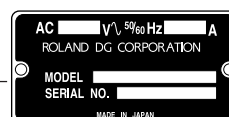
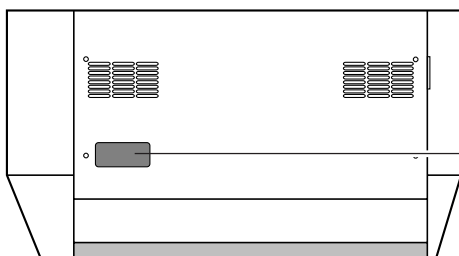
These labels are affixed to the body of this product. The following figure describes the location and content of these messages.



Handle tool with care.



Please use a vacuum cleaner to remove cutting dust. Do not use any blower like an airbrush. Otherwise, dust spread in the air may harm your health or damage this machine.



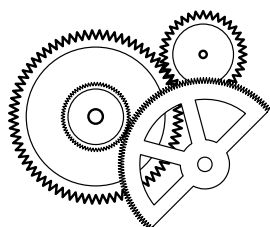
Rating plate

Be sure to determine that the machine is not moving at all, when operating the cover.

To Ensure Correct Use

NOTICE

This product is a precision instrument and must be handled with care.



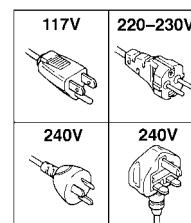
NOTICE

Do not install in an area subject to dust, high humidity or poor ventilation.



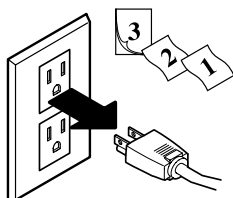
NOTICE

Do not connect to an AC outlet that supplies other than the specified voltage.



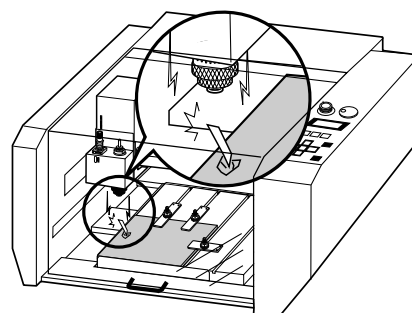
NOTICE

When the unit is not in use for an extended period, detach the electrical plug from the AC outlet.



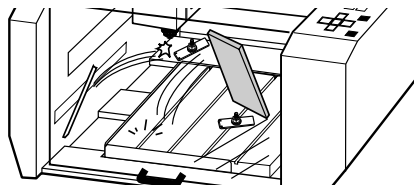
NOTICE

Do not operate beyond capacity or subject the tool to undue force. The tool may break. If machining operation beyond capacity is started inadvertently, immediately press the EMERGENCY STOP switch.



NOTICE

Fasten the tool and material securely in place. These items may come loose during cutting and fly off in a random direction.

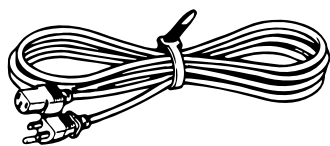


Part

1

Startup

1. Checking the Accessories



Power cord



(For diameter 4.36 mm
(11/64") cutters)

Cutter holder

The cutter holder for cutters
with a diameter of 3.175 mm
(1/8") is installed on the
engraving machine.

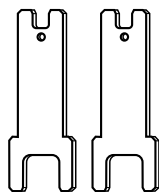


(For diameter 4.36 mm
(11/64") cutters)

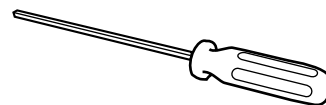
Collet

ϕ 3.175 mm (1/8") W: 0.32 mm
L: 110 mm

Character cutter



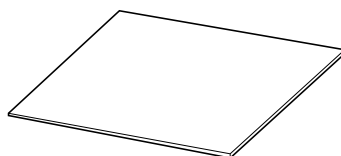
Wrenches (10 mm/21 mm)



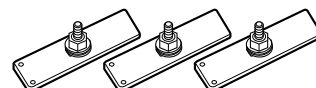
Hexagonal screw driver



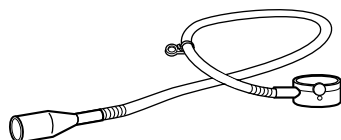
Spare cutter securing screw



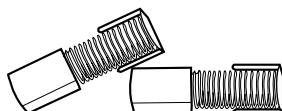
Adhesive sheet



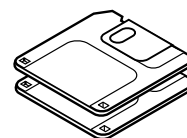
Clamps



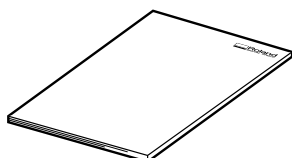
Vacuum adaptor set



Motor brushes



**CAMM-2 DRIVER for Windows 3.1
CAMM-2 DRIVER for Windows 95**



User's manual

2. Part Names and Functions

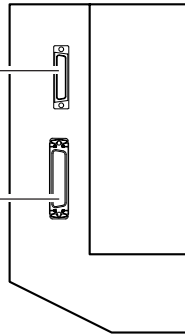
Left side view

Serial connector

A serial (RS-232C) cable is connected here.

Parallel connector

A parallel (printer) cable is connected here.



Head

This moves the spindle (cutter) up and down). The head performs X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis movement.

Scale (for Checking the Z-axis Cutting Range)

This can be used to confirm the cutting range of the Z axis.

The cutting range of the Z axis is 30 mm (1-1/8"). According to the scale, the cutting range is 5 to 35 (mm) when the depth-regulator nose is installed, and 0 to 30 (mm) when not installed.

Z adjust screw

Loosen the Z adjust screw if it is necessary to adjust the depth regulator nose for performing engraving.

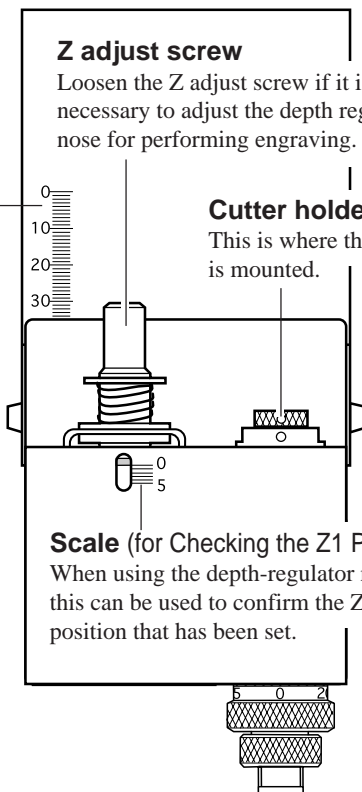
Cutter holder

This is where the cutter is mounted.

0
10
20
30

Scale (for Checking the Z1 Position)

When using the depth-regulator nose, this can be used to confirm the Z1 position that has been set.



Depth regulator nose

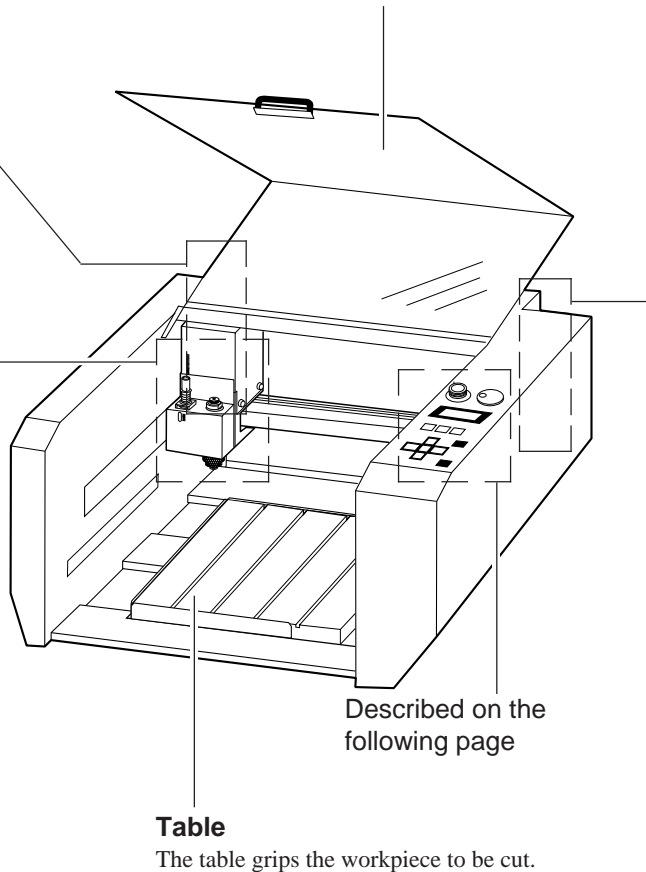
This is adjusted when engraving a material which does not have uniform thickness.

Cover

Opening the cover during cutting results in an emergency stop. Any cutting data in use becomes invalid, and cutting cannot be continued.

If the cover must be opened during cutting, first press the **[ENTER/PAUSE]** key to pause the PNC-2300, then open the cover. After the cover has been closed, cutting resumes when the paused state is canceled.

The spindle will not rotate while the cover is open.



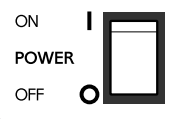
Described on the following page

Table

The table grips the workpiece to be cut.

Right side view

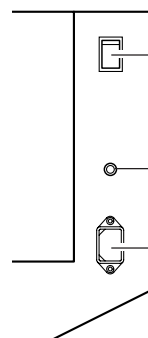
Power switch

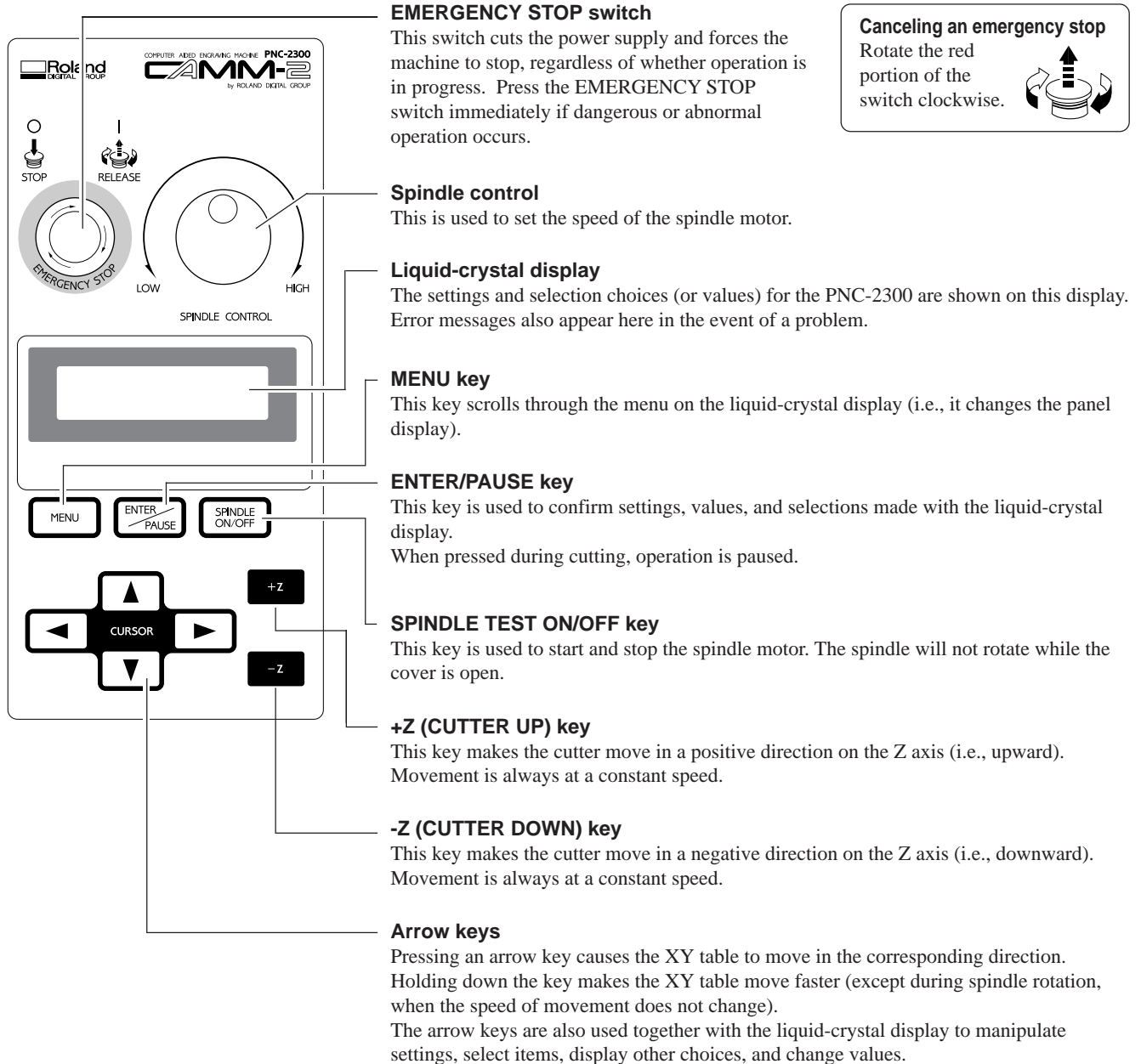


External output connector

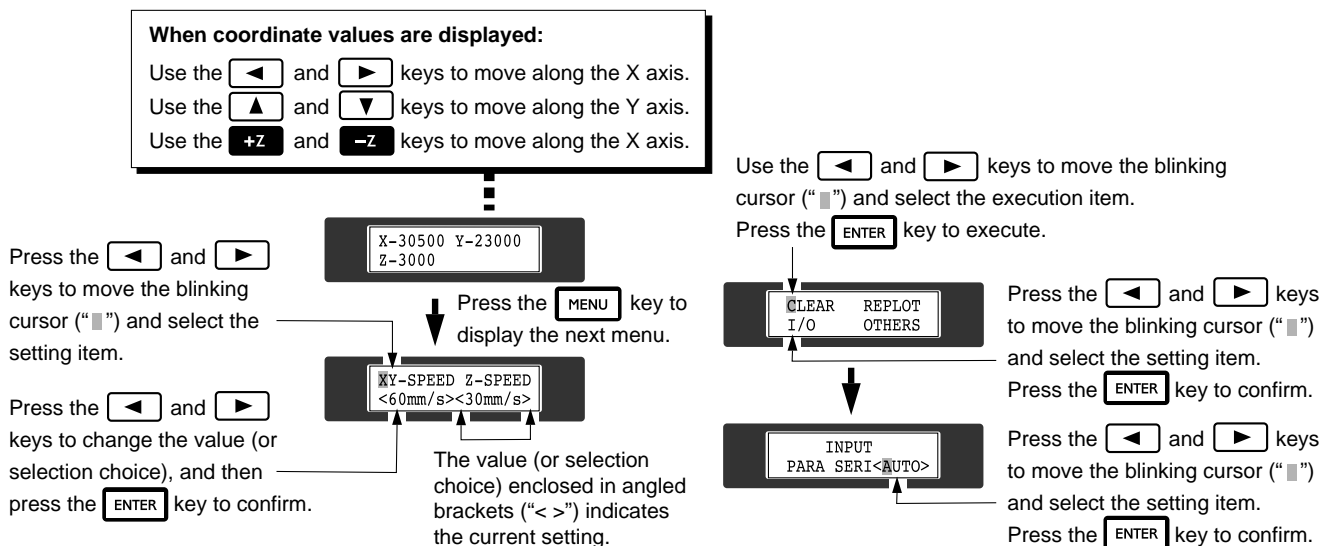
Power connector

The power cord included with the machine is connected here.





Making Settings with the Liquid-crystal Display



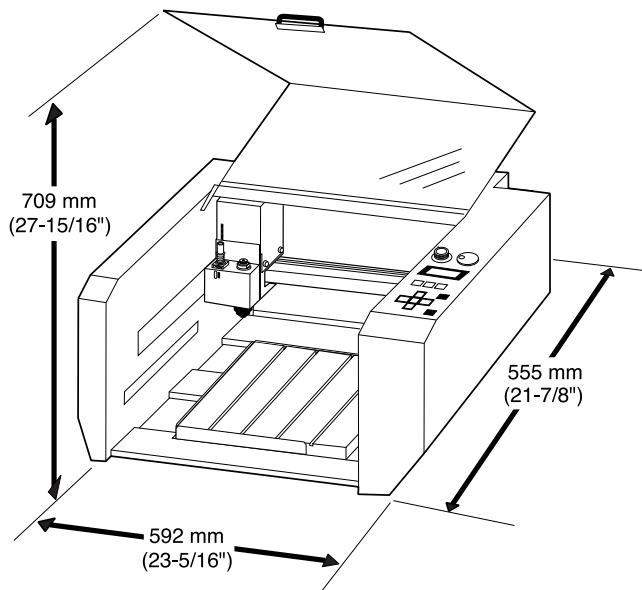
3. Installation and Connections

Installation

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not install the machine in a location where it may tip over, such as at the edge of a table.
- Two or more people are needed to take the PNC-2300 out of the carton. The machine weighs 31 kg (68.3lb.).

The space shown in the figure below is required for installation.



NOTICE

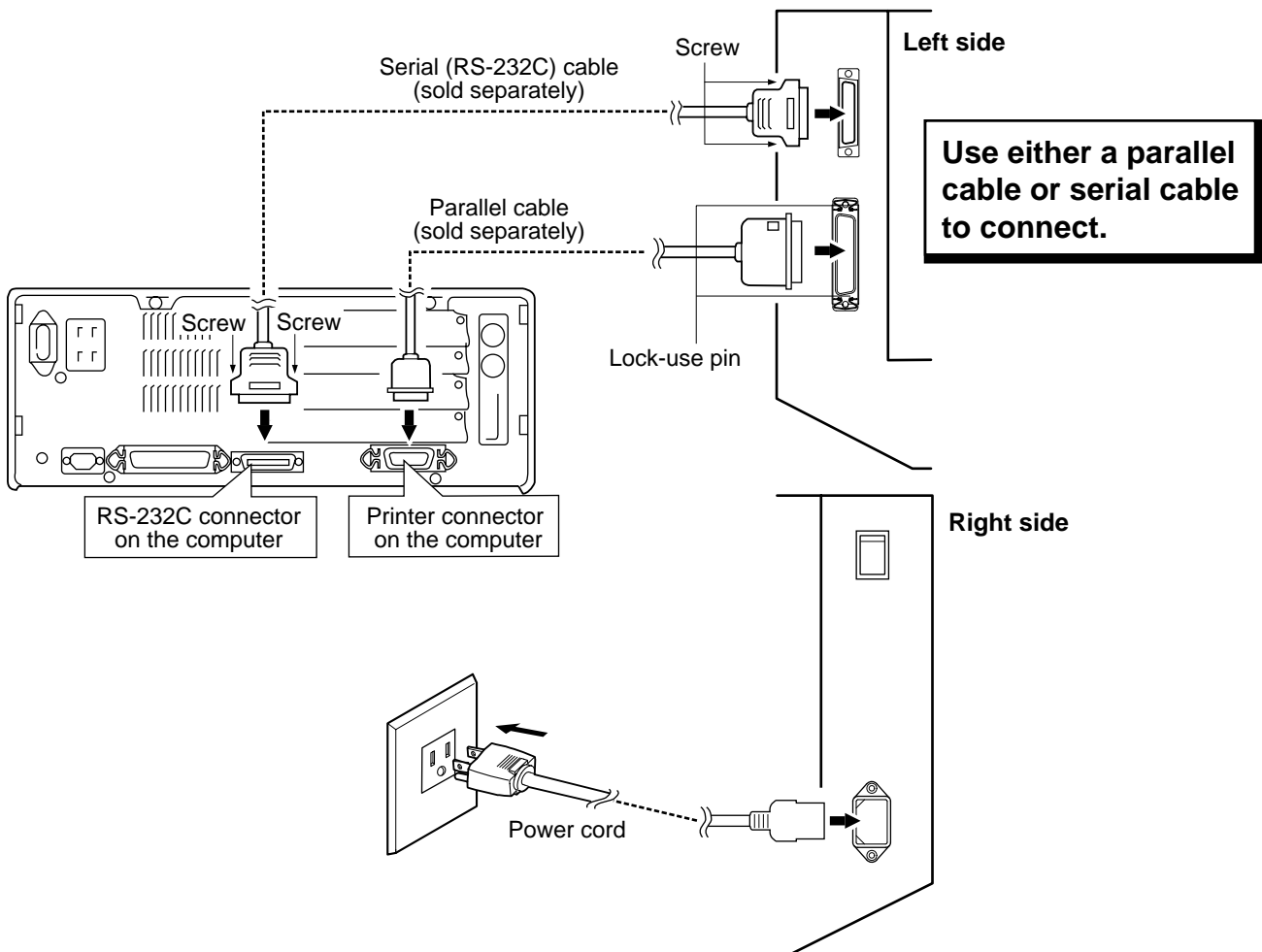
- Use the PNC-2300 on a stable surface.
- Use within a temperature range of 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F) and within a humidity range of 35 to 80%.
- To prevent accidents, do not install in any of the following types of areas.
 - Avoid use in areas subject to strong electric noise.
 - Avoid use in areas subject to high humidity or dust.
 - The PNC-2300 generates heat when used, and should not be installed in an area with poor heat radiation characteristics.
 - Do not install in an area subject to strong vibration.
 - Do not install in an area exposed to strong light such as direct sunlight.

Connections

NOTICE

- Ensure that the power supply voltage is within $\pm 10\%$ of the machine's rated voltage.
- Connect the cables only when the PNC-2300 and the computer power sources are OFF.
- Connect the power supply cord and the computer-use input/output cable firmly so that they don't come loose or cause a poor connection.

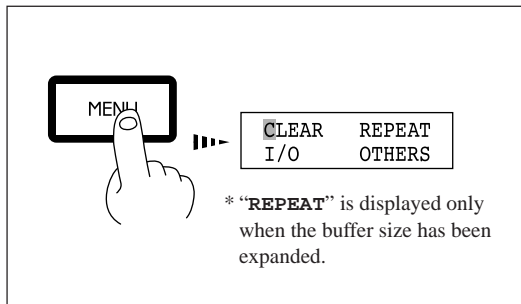
The cable for computer connection is optional. Please purchase the appropriate cable for the type of computer and software used.



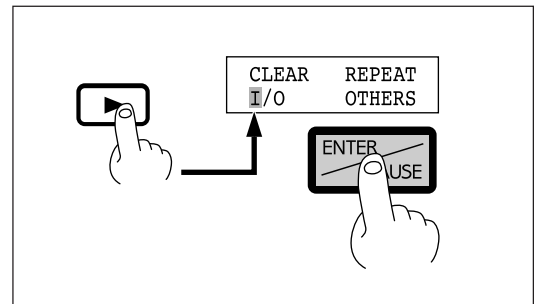
4. Setting the Connection Parameters

Connection with a parallel cable is called a “parallel connection,” and connection with a serial cable is called a “serial connection.” Make the appropriate settings on both the computer and the PNC-2300 to configure the equipment for the type of connection that has been made. Normally, the setting on the PNC-2300 should be made to match the setting on the computer. The steps below describe how to set connection parameters on the PNC-2300. To make the settings on the computer, refer to the manual for the computer or the software in use.

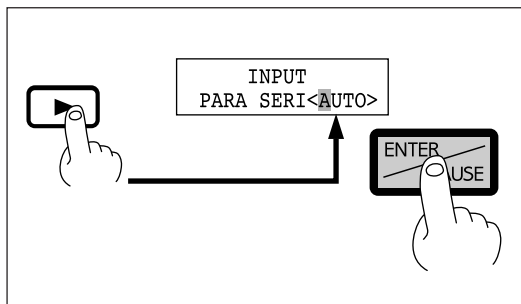
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



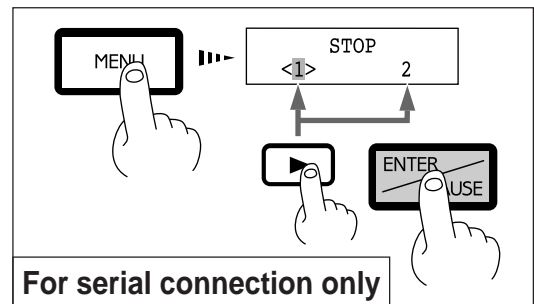
- 2** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor (“**■**”) to “**I/O**,” and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



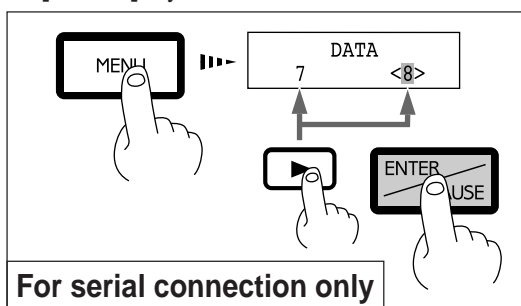
- 3** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor (“**■**”) to “**AUTO**,” and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



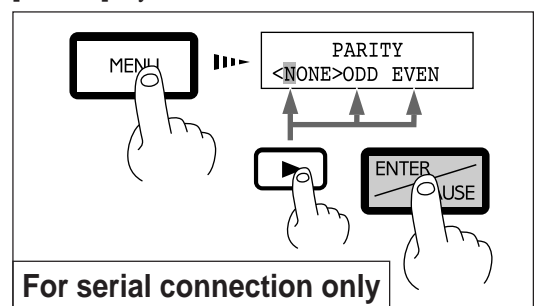
- 4** Press the **[MENU]** key once. Make the settings for stop bit, then press the **[ENTER]** key.



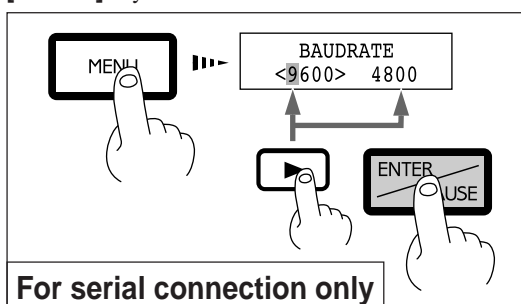
- 5** Press the **[MENU]** key once. Make the settings for data bits, then press the **[ENTER]** key.



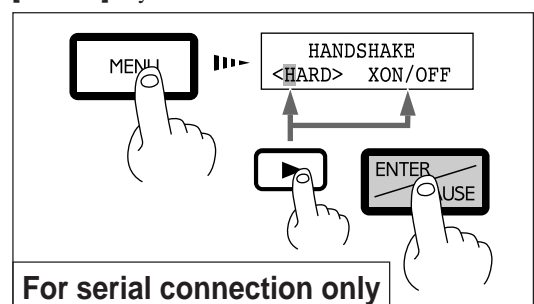
- 6** Press the **[MENU]** key once. Make the settings for parity check, then press the **[ENTER]** key.



- 7** Press the **[MENU]** key once. Make the settings for baud rate, then press the **[ENTER]** key.



- 8** Press the **[MENU]** key once. Make the settings for handshake, then press the **[ENTER]** key.



5. Loading a Workpiece for Cutting

To load workpiece, use the adhesive sheet or clamps included with the machine.

When performing engraving that subjects the workpiece to a load, use the clamps to secure the workpiece in place. When engraving the edge of the workpiece or when loading a workpiece with a thickness of 10 mm (25/64") or more, use the adhesive sheet.

Large-size material (i.e., material that is about the same size as the PNC-2300's table) cannot be affixed to the table securely using the adhesive sheet or clamps. In such cases, use commercially available double-sided tape to secure the workpiece in place.

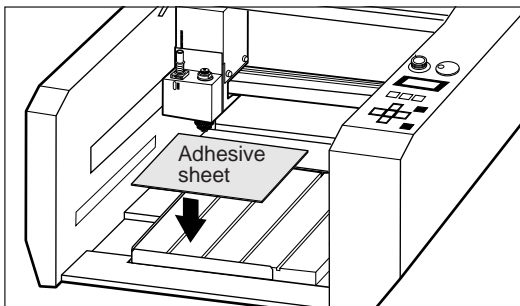
* A vacuum table (ZV-23A) and a center vise (ZV-23C) are optionally available and should be purchased if needed.

Loading Workpiece Using the Adhesive Sheet

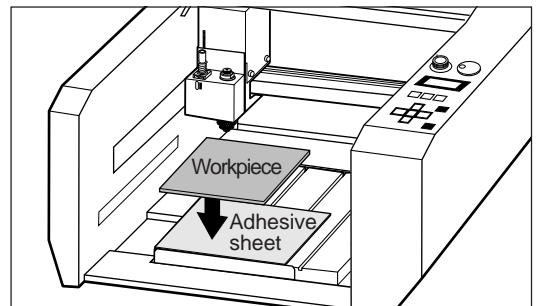
NOTICE

Do not attempt to wash the adhesive sheet with water. Doing so will damage the adhesive surface and make it impossible to grip the material.

- 1** Place the adhesive sheet on the table and press it down.



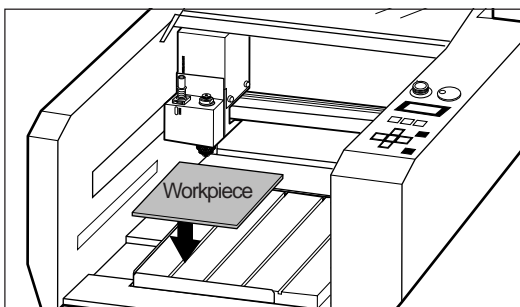
- 2** Place the workpiece to be cut on the adhesive sheet and fasten it while pressing down.



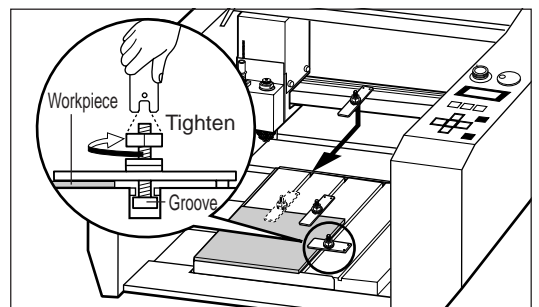
Store the adhesive sheet in a location free from dust.

Loading Workpiece Using the Clamps

- 1** Place the workpiece on the table.

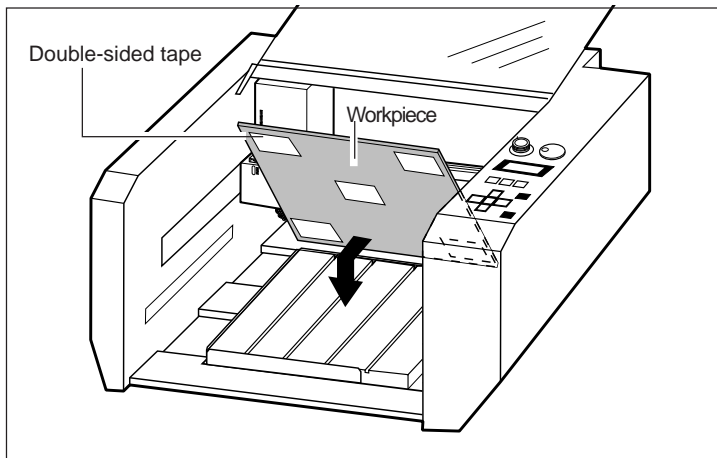


- 2** Slide the square portion protruding from the bottom of the clamp plate into the groove on the table to secure the workpiece in place.



Loading Workpiece Using Double-sided Tape

Apply the double-sided tape to the bottom of the workpiece and secure it to the table.



6. Loading a Cutter

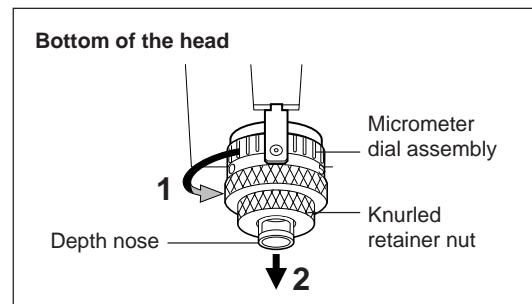
Replacing the Cutter holder and Collet

Install a cutter holder and collet which are suitable for the cutter to be used. The combination of cutter, cutter holder, and collet is correct if the thickness of the cutter just fits in the hole in the cutter holder and collet.

Two types of cutter holders and collets are included with the engraving machine. The cutter holder and collet which are originally installed are for cutters with a diameter of 3.175 mm (1/8"). These are used for installing installed the included character cutter (diameter 3.175 mm (1/8")). (The cutter holder and collet packed with the machine are for cutters with a diameter of 4.36 mm (11/64").)

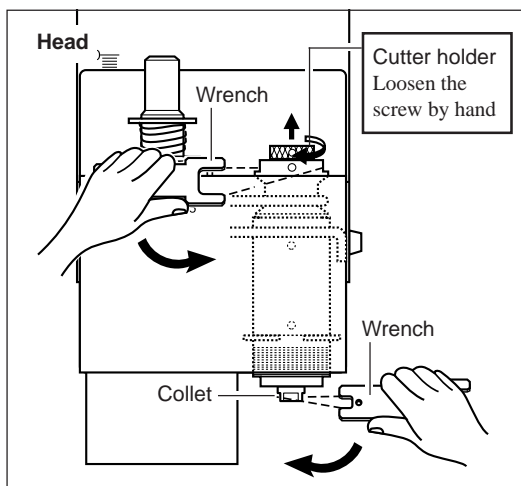
1

Remove the depth regulator nose.



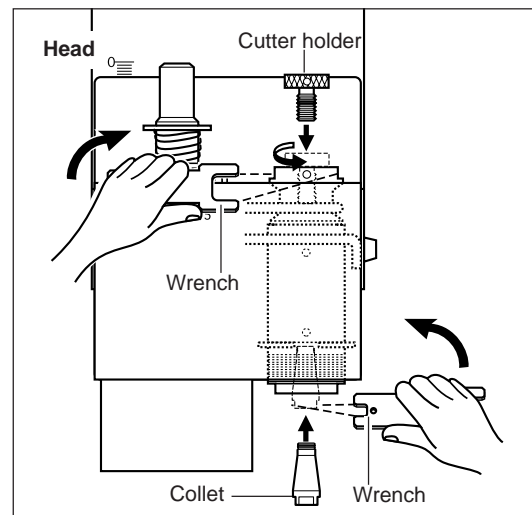
2

Remove the cutter holder and collet. To remove the collet, use the wrench included with the engraving machine.



3

Install the cutter holder and collet for the cutter to be used.

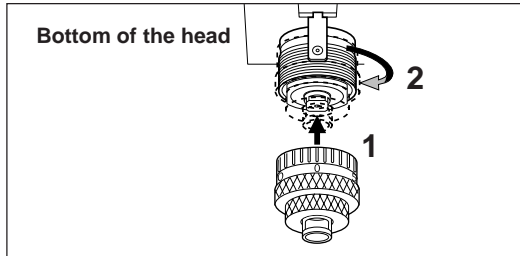


When Using the Depth regulator nose

Using the depth regulator nose makes it possible to engrave even workpiece of non-uniform thickness at the same depth.

1

Rotate the depth regulator nose in the direction of the arrow 2 in the figure to tighten it completely.



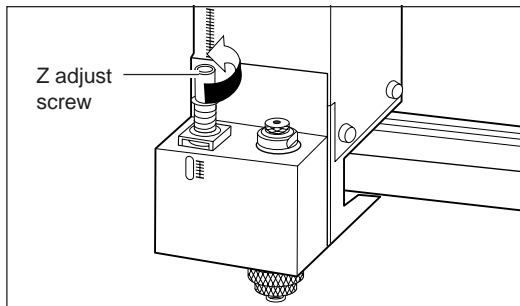
2

This determines the engraving depth (cutting-in amount). The scale on the micrometer dial assembly has 25 grooves, with one groove corresponding to an engraving depth of 0.025 mm (1/1000"). (One full turn of the scale corresponds to an engraving depth of 0.625 mm.) Rotate the scale in the direction of the arrow shown in the figure by an amount equal to or greater than the engraving depth.

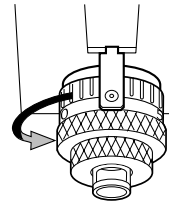
For example, when engraving to a depth of 0.5 mm, the scale should be rotated by 20 grooves or more (approximately one full turn). For engraving at a depth of 1.5 mm, rotate the scale by 60 grooves or more (approximately three turns).

3

Loosen the Z adjust screw.

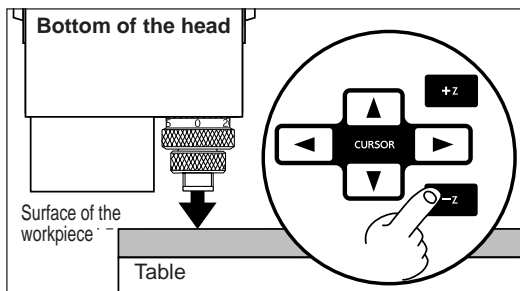


Bottom of the head



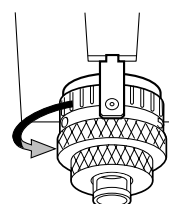
4

Press the arrow keys and the [-Z] key to move the tip of the depth nose to the surface of the workpiece.



If the depth regulator nose does not reach the surface of the workpiece even when the [-Z] key is held down, rotate the micrometer dial in the direction shown by the arrow in the figure to extend the tip of the depth regulator nose to the workpiece surface.

Bottom of the head

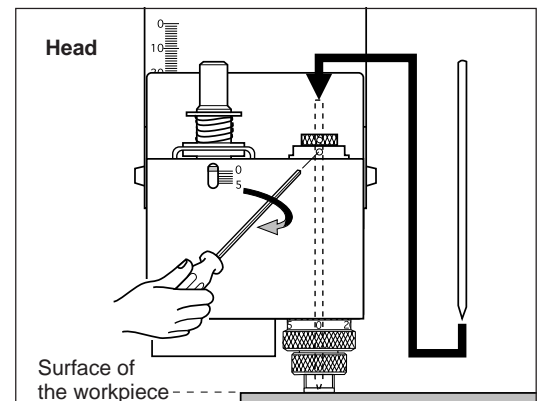


5

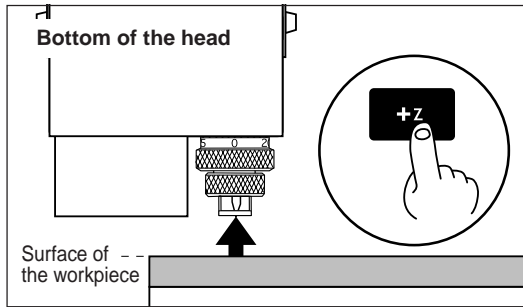
Use the operation panel to set Z0. Refer to "Setting the Z0 Position."

6

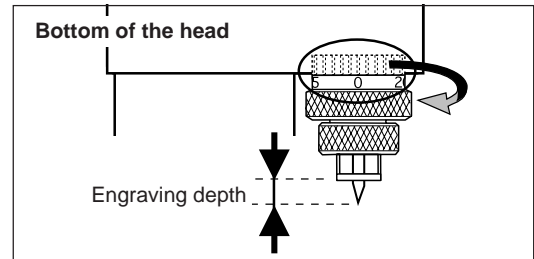
Insert the cutter into the hole in the cutter holder, and use the hexagonal screwdriver that comes with the machine to tighten the cutter mounting screw.



- 7** Raise the spindle with the **[+Z]** key.



- 8** Rotate the dial in the direction of the arrow shown in the figure to extend the cutter to the engraving depth (cutting-in amount).
Move the cutter out just enough for the necessary engraving depth.
The lines printed on the dial indicate 0.025 mm (1/1000") for each mark. For instance, to set a cutting depth of 0.5 mm, rotate an 20 mark portion.

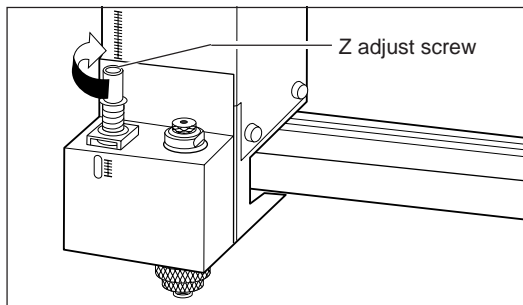


When setting the engraving depth with software, set a depth about 2 mm deeper than the depth that would be set on the micrometer dial. (In other words, 2 mm deeper than the actual engraving depth.)

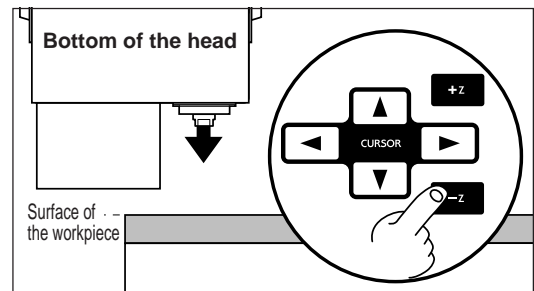
Engraving can be done at a standard depth by increasing the force on the workpiece from the top.

When Not Using the Depth regulator nose

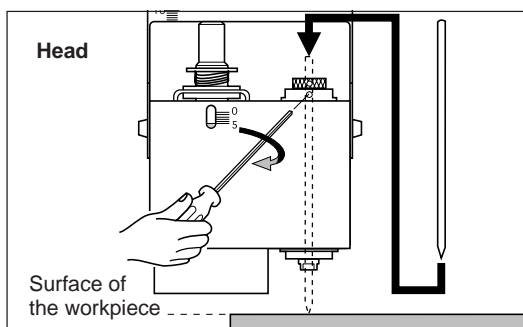
- 1** Loosen the Z adjust screw.



- 2** Press the arrow keys and the **[-Z]** key to move the tip of the head to a position close to the surface of the workpiece.



- 3** Insert the cutter into the hole in the cutter holder and position the tip so that it gently touches the surface of the workpiece. Use the hexagonal screwdriver that comes with the machine to tighten the cutter mounting screw.

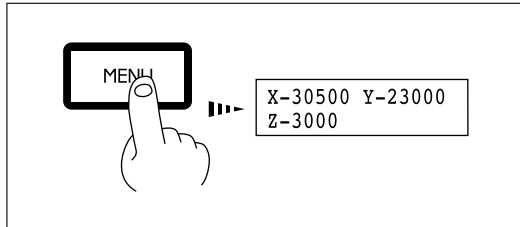


- 4** Use the operation panel to set Z0.
Refer to "Setting the Z0 Position."

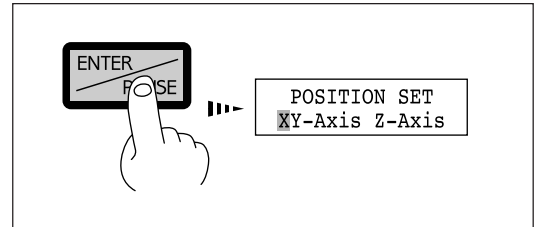
Setting the Z0 Position

"Z0" is the origin point for the Z axis. This is normally set at a position which corresponds to the surface of the secured workpiece when mounting the cutter.

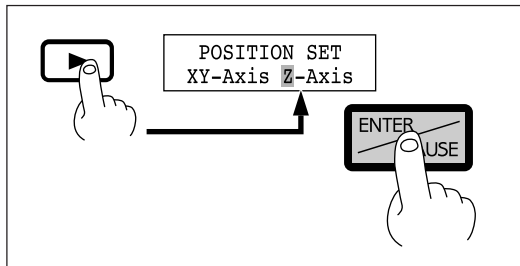
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



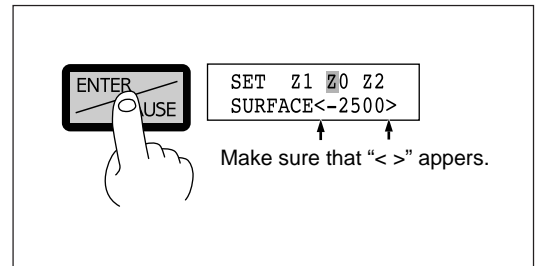
- 2** Press the **[ENTER]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



- 3** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "**Z-Axis**," then press the **[ENTER]** key.



- 4** Make sure the blinking cursor is on "**Z0**" and press the **[ENTER]** key.

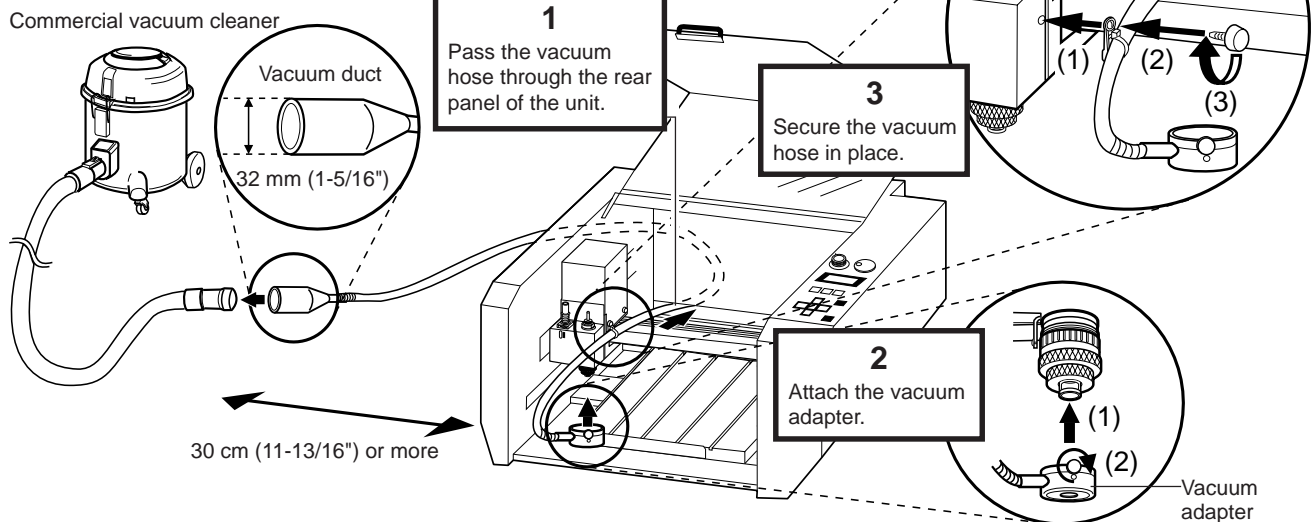


7. Vacuum Cleaner Connection

NOTICE

Always allow a minimum gap of 30 cm (11-13/16") on the side where the vacuum hose exits. The vacuum hose must have sufficient space in which to move. When the vacuum hose cannot move smoothly, it can cause malfunctions or errors in operation.

Vacuum up cutting chips and grit during an on going cutting operation, using the vacuum adapter, and commercial vacuum cleaner.



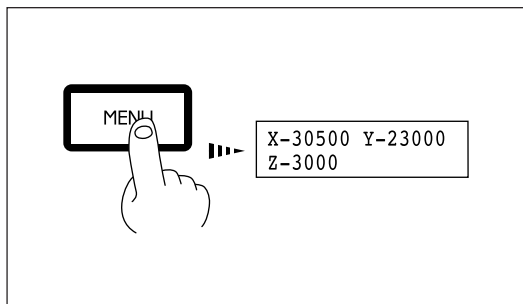
When the fitting diameters do not match or when the vacuum duct cannot be inserted into the suction opening of the vacuum cleaner, use strong commercial tape (cloth or electrical) to join the fittings.

8. Setting the Origin (Home Position)

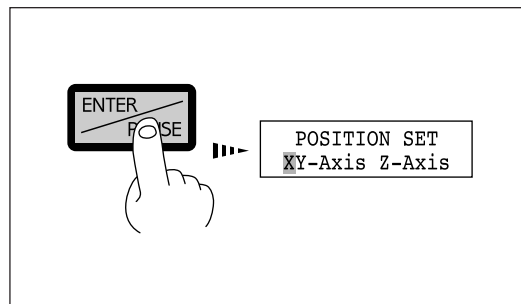
The home position is the point that becomes the origin point in the X and Y directions. Usually, this point is set at the front left corner of the fixed workpiece. The setting method explained here, uses the left, bottom corner (nearest the operator) of the workpiece as the home position.

The home position points are registered in the PNC-2300 memory right after power is turned on and before power is turned off.

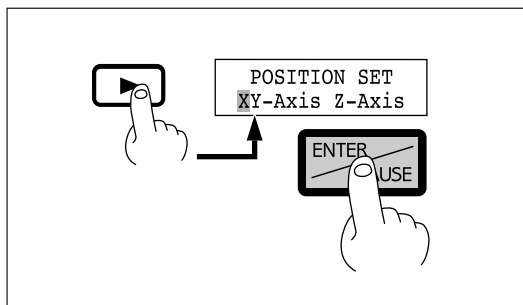
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



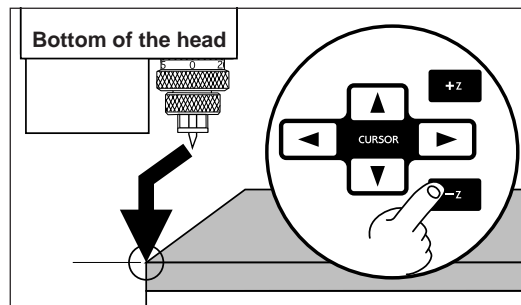
- 2** Press the **[ENTER]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



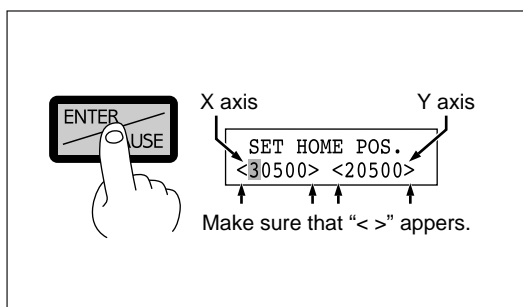
- 3** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "**XY-Axis**," then press the **[ENTER]** key.



- 4** Press the arrow keys and the CUTTER UP/DOWN keys to move the cutter with the front left corner of the workpiece.



- 5** Press the **[ENTER]** key.



9. Cutting Condition Setting

Before you begin the actual cutting process, the cutting conditions such as the revolution speed of the spindle motor and the feeding speed of each axis must be designated according to the quality of the workpiece and the type of cutter used. There are several deciding factors to be taken into account when designating the cutting conditions.

1. The quality of the workpiece
2. The type of cutter used
3. The diameter of the cutter used
4. The cutting method
5. The cutting shape

Designate the cutting conditions in consideration of the above factors by performing the following three PNC-2300 setting operations.

1. The spindle motor revolution speed (cutter revolution speed)
2. The feeding speed (cutter moving speed)
3. The cutting-in amount (depth of one cutting operation)

Note : When settings have been made with both the software and the PNC-2300, the last settings made have priority.

In this manual, these three conditions are called the cutting conditions. The characteristics and points to consider for each of these conditions are as follows.

Item	Characteristics/Points to Consider
Spindle motor revolution speed	The bigger this number, the faster the cutting speed. However, if this number is too large, the work surface may melt or burn due to excessive friction. Conversely, if this number is made smaller, the time taken for cutting becomes too longer. Generally speaking, the entire cutting speed is determined by the cutting edge speed, so the smaller the tool diameter, the higher the spindle revolution speed required. (When performing engraving without rotating the cutting tool, set "REVOLUTION" to "OFF.") Revolution speed : 5,000—15,000 rpm
Feeding speed	When the feeding speed is high, processing becomes rough and flash marks tend to remain on the cut surface. On the other hand, when the feeding speed is slow, processing takes more time. Be careful because a slower feeding speed does not always result in improved finishing.
Cutting-in amount	When the cutting-in amount is deeper, the cutting speed increases, but the cutting-in amount is limited by the quality of the workpiece. In cases where the required depth can not be cut at once, repeat cutting several times to depth that does not breach the limit.

Manual Setting of Cutting Conditions

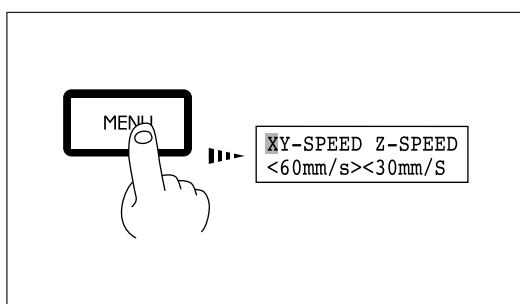
The cutting conditions can be set manually according to the method described below.

If the cutting conditions can be set with your current software, this is a faster and more efficient method than manual setting. It makes no difference when you come to construct a program. The following method is appropriate for making delicate halfway adjustments to conditions previously set using software, etc.

Feeding Speed

1

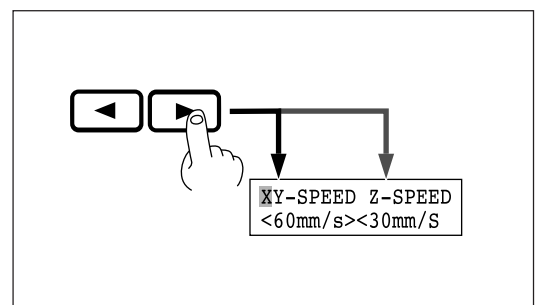
Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



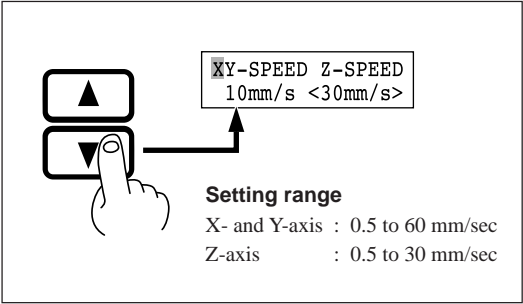
2

Press the **[◀]** or **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "XY-SPEED."

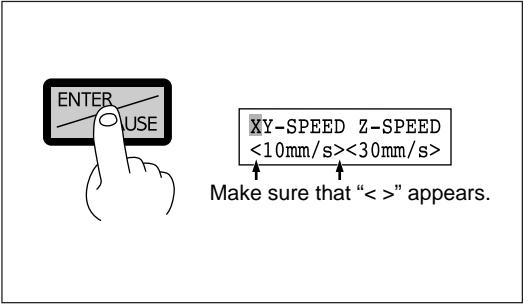
To set the lowering speed of the head, move the blinking cursor ("█") to "Z-SPEED."



3 Press the [▲] or [▼] key to set the feed rate.

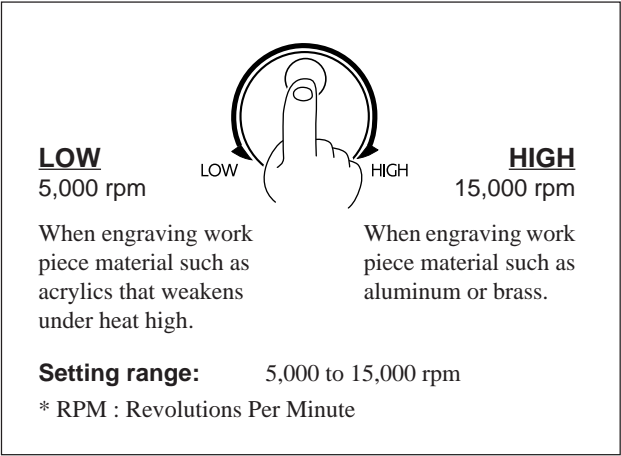


4 Press the [ENTER] key.



Spindle Motor Revolution Speed

Rotate the spindle control to set the speed of rotation.



Cutting-in Amount

“Setting the cutting-in amount” means to set the Z1 point.
The cutting-in amount is set by setting Z1.

Cutting Condition Setting Examples

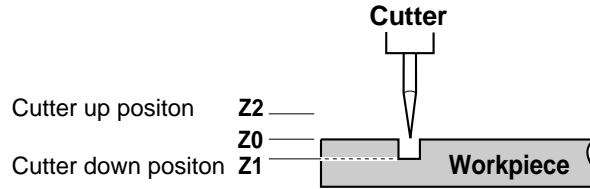
The chart below contains reference examples of the appropriate cutting conditions for several types of workpiece material. In the case that the conditions are input using software or when constructing your own programs, set the cutting conditions with reference to the chart. However, because conditions differ depending on cutter sharpness and workpiece hardness, cutting performance may not always be optimal when adhering to the conditions specified below. In such a case, delicate adjustment should be performed at the time of actual cutting.

Workpiece	Cutter (Option)	Spindle revolution speed (RPM)	Cutting-in amount (mm)	XY axis feeding speed (mm/sec.)	Z axis feeding speed (mm/sec.)
Acrylic resin	ZEC-H4032	10000	0.2	15	5
	ZHS-H4400	10000	0.2	15	5
Aluminum	ZEC-U4032	12000	0.05	5	1
	ZDC-D4000	Without rotation	0.1	10	1
Brass	ZEC-U4032	12000	0.05	5	1
	ZDC-D4000	Without rotation	0.1	10	1
Chemical wood	ZEC-H4032	10000	0.4	30	10
	ZHS-H4400	10000	0.5	30	5
Modeling wax (Option)	ZEC-H4032	10000	0.5	30	10
	ZHS-H4400	10000	0.8	30	5

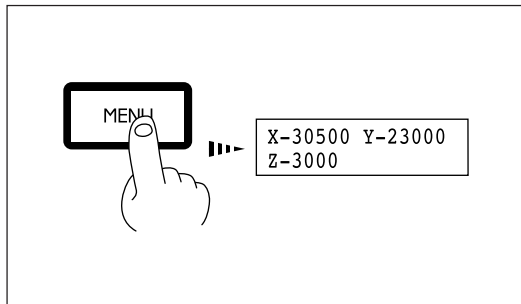
10. Setting the Z1 and Z2 Position

The cutter up position (Z2 point) and down position (Z1 point) are normally set with the software. If they cannot be set with your current software then set them manually using the keys on the switch panel.

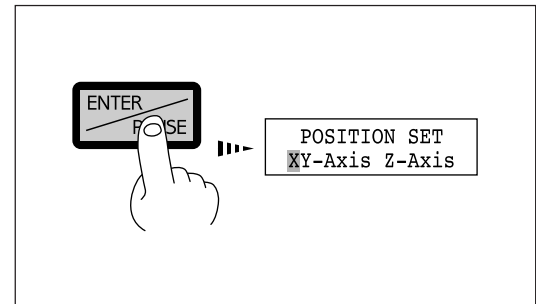
* The Z0, Z1, and Z2 points can be stored in memory by setting “Z0/Z1/Z2 MEMORY” to “ON.”



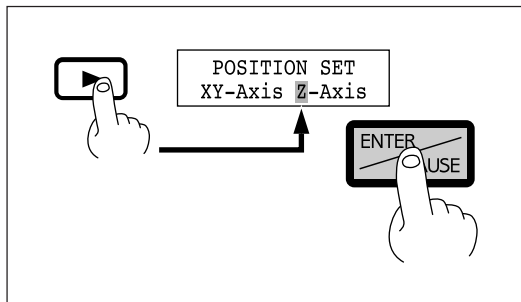
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



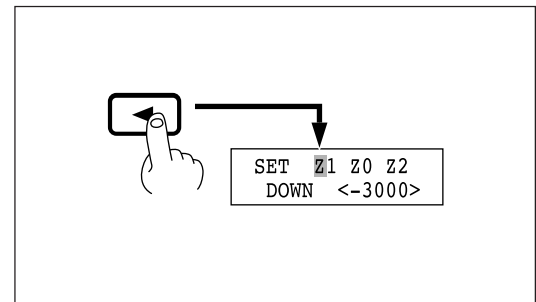
- 2** Press the **[ENTER]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



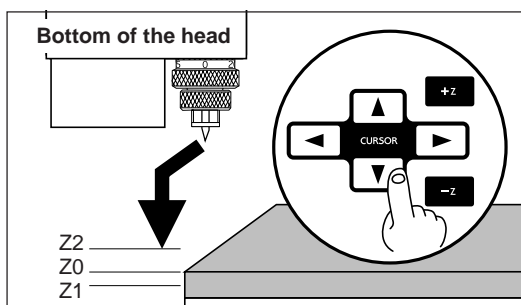
- 3** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor (“█”) to “Z-Axis,” then press the **[ENTER]** key.



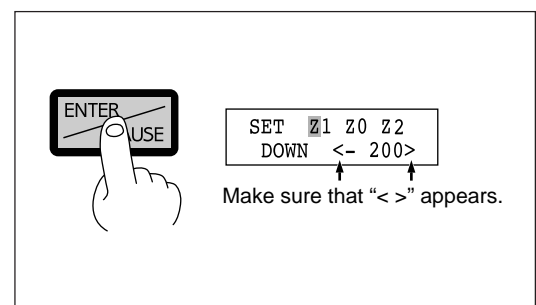
- 4** Press the **[◀]** key to move the blinking cursor (“█”) to “Z1.”
When setting the Z2 point, press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor (“█”) to “Z2.”



- 5** Press the arrow keys and the CUTTER UP/DOWN keys to move the cutter to the height where Z1 (or Z2) point is to be set.
When setting Z1, move the cutter to a position away from the loaded workpiece.



- 6** Press the **[ENTER]** key.



11. Sending Cutting Data

The PNC-2300 performs cutting after receiving cutting data from the computer (application software).

Data may be output, for example, after it has been created using any of a number of applications, or from driver software.

In this section, general matters related to data output are explained. Refer to this section when carrying out data output. For details of the cutting data output method, refer to the operation manual for the application software or driver software used.

Setting the Output device

Please select from among the models shown below when making the settings for output device with the application software.

Output model	Instruction system	Command setting on the PNC-2300	Coordinate unit setting on the PNC-2300
PNC-2300	CAMM-GL I	AUTO	0.01 mm
CAMM-2 Series	CAMM-GL II	AUTO	0.01 mm
CAMM-3 Series	CAMM-GL I	AUTO	0.01 mm

* When set to “**AUTO**,” the machine automatically determines whether the mode 1 or mode 2 instruction system is used.

Sample Settings for Application Software

Select PNC-2300. If it is not listed, select CAMM-2 series or CAMM-3 series.

Select either the parallel (Centronics) or the serial (RS-232C) interface. Choose the one that the host computer and the PNC-2300 are connected by.

Output device selection

Device name
[PNC-2300]

PNC-2300
PNC-2200A
PNC-2100A
PNC-2200

Interface
[RS-232C]

Centronics
RS-232C

Protocol

Baud rate

9600

Data bit

Stop bit

Parity

Handshake

OK

CANCEL

Cautions During Cutting

Opening the cover during cutting results in an emergency stop. Any cutting data in use becomes invalid, and cutting cannot be continued.

If the cover must be opened during cutting, first press the **[ENTER/PAUSE]** key to pause the unit. Confirm that operation has stopped, and then open the cover. After the cover has been closed, cutting resumes when the paused state is canceled.

The spindle will not rotate while the cover is open.

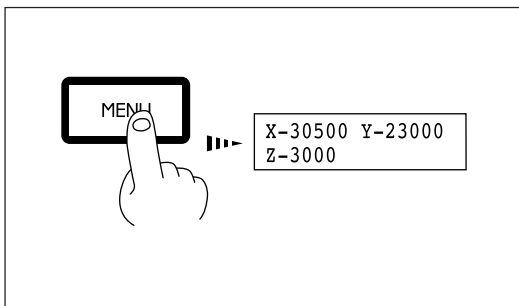
12. Finishing

After cutting has been finished, detach the cutter, remove the workpiece, and clean away chips.

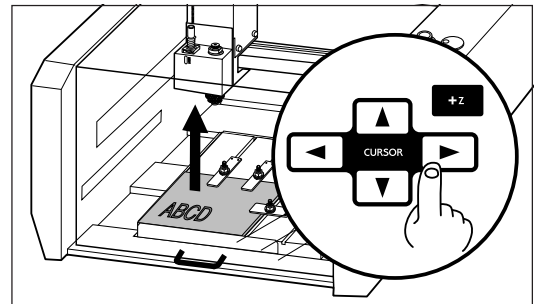
⚠ CAUTION

- The tool blade can cause injury to the hand even when not in motion.
- Please use a vacuum cleaner to remove cutting dust. Do not use any blower like airbrush. Otherwise, dust spread in the air may harm your health or damage this machine.
- After finishing, be sure to wash the hands with water to remove any adhering cutting chips.

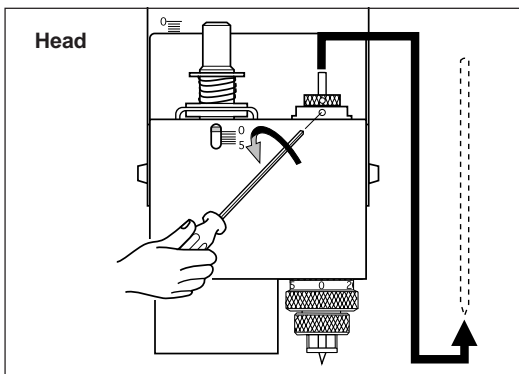
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



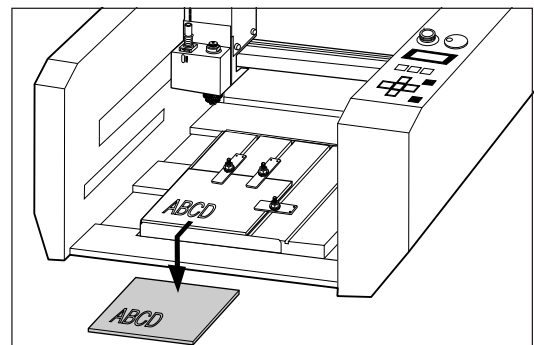
- 2** Press the arrow keys and the **[+Z]** key to move the bed to a position where the cutter and material can easily be detached.



- 3** Open the cover and detach the cutter.

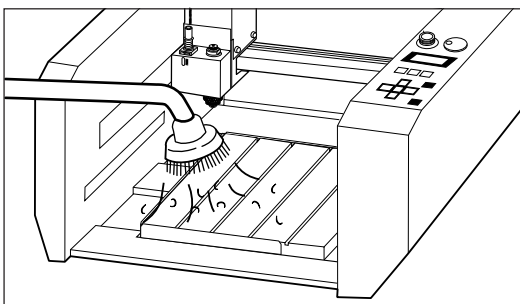


- 4** Remove the workpiece.



If the material has been secured in place using an adhesive sheet or double-sided tape, peel it off of the bed.

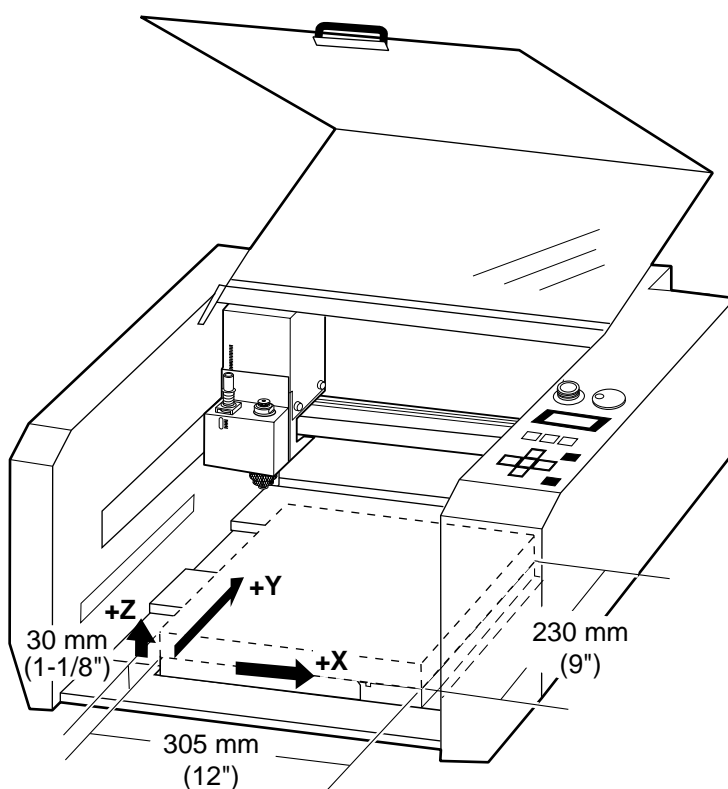
- 5** Use a commercially available vacuum cleaner to remove chips inside the box.



Cutting Area

The maximum cutting area of the PNC-2300 is 305 mm × 230 mm × 30 mm (12" × 9" × 1-1/8"). When converted to coordinate values, this corresponds to (x, y, z) = (30500, 23000, 3000) when the coordinate unit is 0.01 mm, or (x, y, z) = (12200, 9200, 3000) when the coordinate unit is 0.025 mm. Changing the coordinate unit causes only the coordinate units for the X and Y axes to change. The coordinate unit along the Z axis is always 0.01 mm/step.

The actual available cutting area is subject to restrictions according to the length of the attached cutter and the workpiece height; and in some cases it may be larger than the maximum operating area.



Operating Each Function

Making Settings with the Liquid-crystal Display

When coordinate values are displayed:

Use the and keys to move along the X axis.
Use the and keys to move along the Y axis.
Use the and keys to move along the Z axis.

Press the and keys to move the blinking cursor ("█") and select the setting item.

Press the and keys to change the value (or selection choice), and then press the key to confirm.

X-30500 Y-23000
Z-3000

Press the key to display the next menu.

XY-SPEED Z-SPEED
<60mm/s><30mm/s>

The value (or selection choice) enclosed in angled brackets ("<>") indicates the current setting.

Use the and keys to move the blinking cursor ("█") and select the execution item.
Press the key to execute.

CLEAR REPLOT
I/O OTHERS

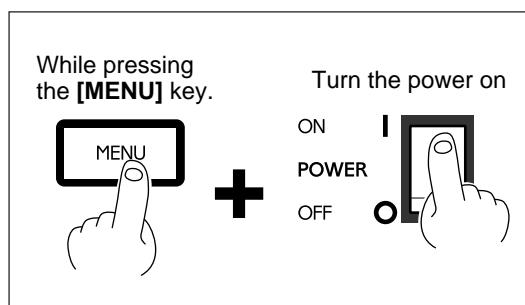
Press the and keys to move the blinking cursor ("█") and select the setting item.
Press the key to confirm.

INPUT
PARA SERI<AUTO>

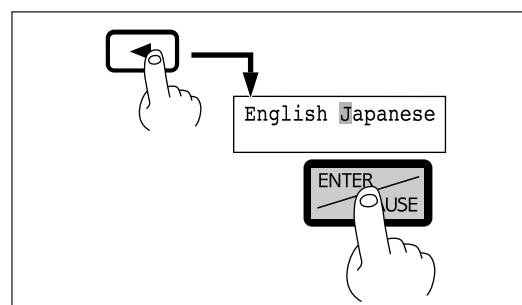
Press the and keys to move the blinking cursor ("█") and select the setting item.
Press the key to confirm.

Changing to Other-language Messages on the Liquid-crystal Display

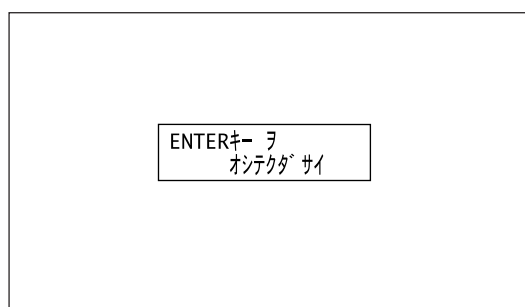
- 1 Switch on the power while holding down the key.



- 2 Press the key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "Japanese," and then press the key.



- 3 Messages on the display now appear in Japanese.



* To return the display to English-language messages, carry out Step 1 again. When the language-selection menu appears (similar to the one in Step 1, but in Japanese), move the cursor to "I13" and press the key.

Performing Repeat Cutting

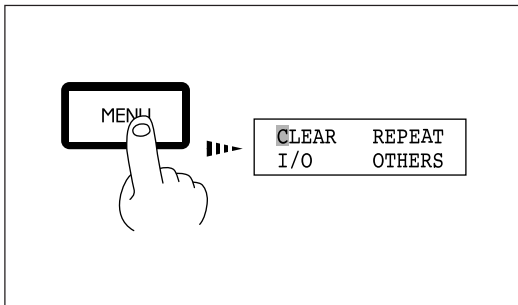
The repeat cutting function cannot be used unless the PNC-2300's memory buffer has been expanded to 1 MB.

The data buffer is the place where data received from the computer is stored temporarily. (The data in the data buffer can be erased by switching off the power or executing the "CLEAR".)

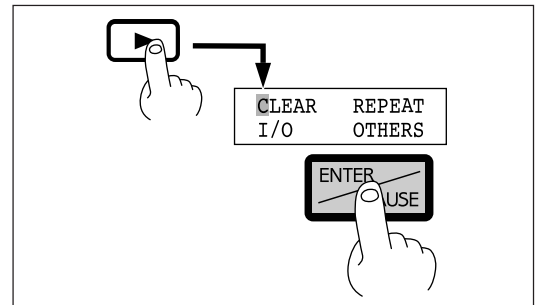
Executing the "REPEAT" calls up the cutting data stored in the PNC-2300's data buffer and executes the replotting procedure.

When replotting is executed, the entire data content of the data buffer is called up. When you perform replotting, clear the data from the data buffer before sending the cutting for replotting from the computer.

- 1 Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.

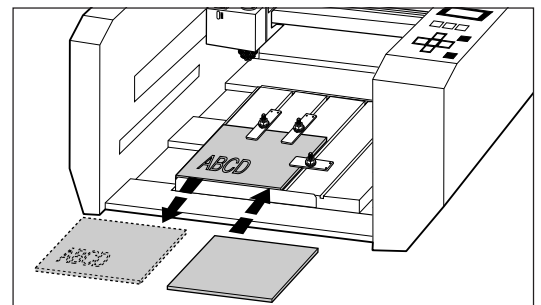


- 2 Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("I") to "CLEAR," then hold down the **[ENTER]** key for 0.5 sec or more. This makes "CLEAR" start to flash.

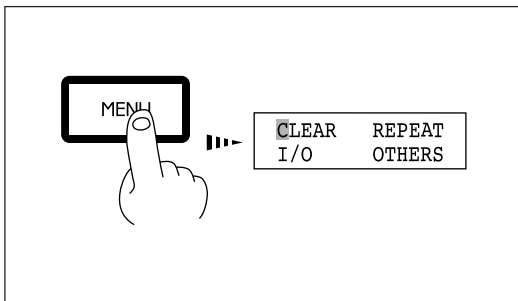


- 3 Install the cutter and load the material. Refer to pages 7 to 11 for an explanation of how to install a cutter and load material. After closing the cover, use the software to send cutting data.

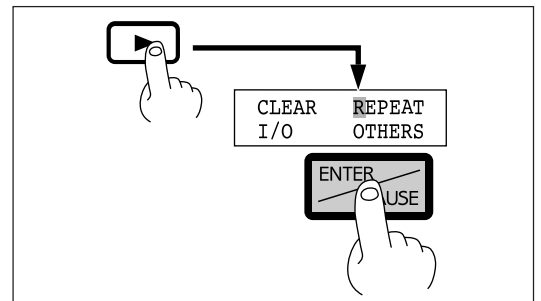
- 4 After cutting has finished, remove the cut material and load a new piece. Set the origin point if necessary.



- 5 Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



- 6 Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("I") to "REPEAT," and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



Changing the Feed Rate or Spindle Speed During Cutting

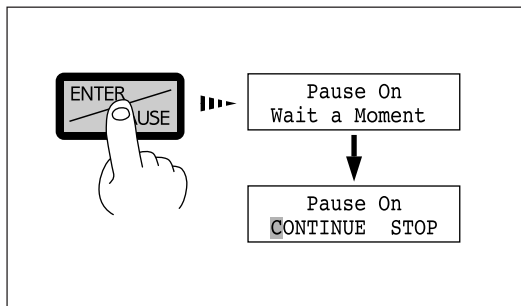
The feed rate and spindle rotating speed set by the software can be changed while cutting is in progress.

This is done by first pausing the PNC-2300 during cutting, then changing the feed rate. However, if the computer subsequently sends a command to change the feed rate, the setting will change as specified by the new command. When set by software or set directly on the PNC-2300, the setting made last takes precedence.

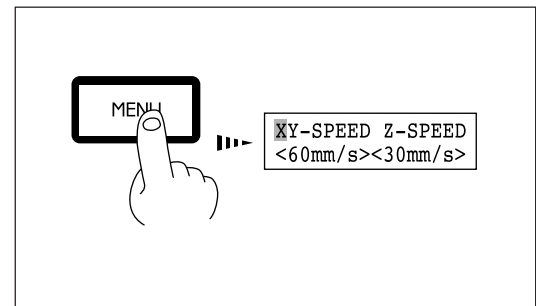
Spindle speed can be changed at any time. Use the Spindle control to change it (see page 14).

Changing the Feed Rate

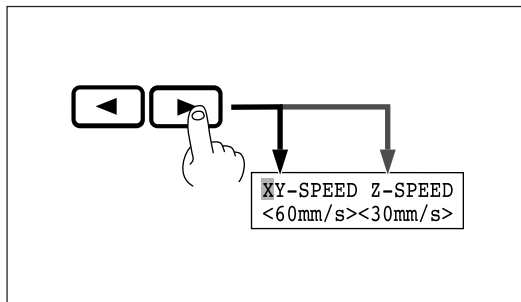
- 1 Press the **[ENTER/PAUSE]** key while cutting is in progress. One cutting step is performed, after which operation stops. The display changes to show the following message.



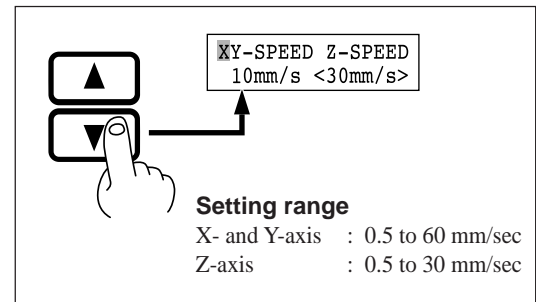
- 2 Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



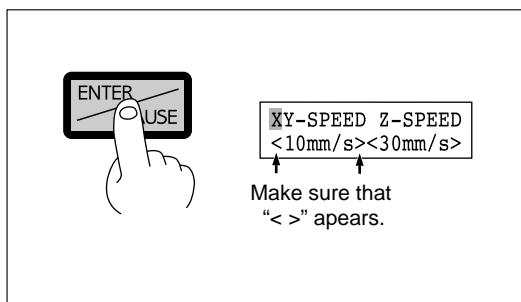
- 3 Press the **[◀]** or **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("■") to **"XY-SPEED."**
To set the lowering speed of the head, move the blinking cursor ("■") to **"Z-SPEED."**



- 4 Press the **[▲]** or **[▼]** key to set the feed rate.



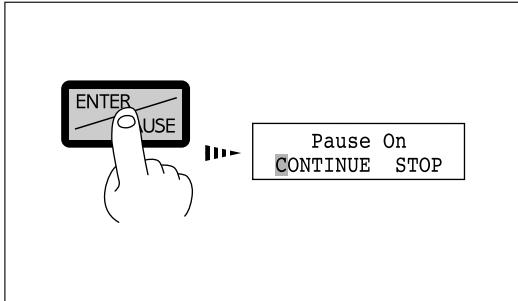
- 5 Press the **[ENTER]** key.



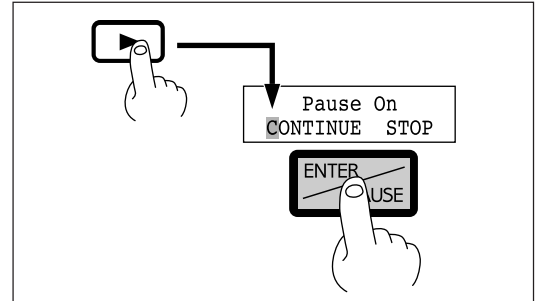
Canceling the Paused State to Resume Cutting

After changing the feed rate, cancel the paused state. Cutting then resumes at the new feed rate or spindle speed.

- 1 Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



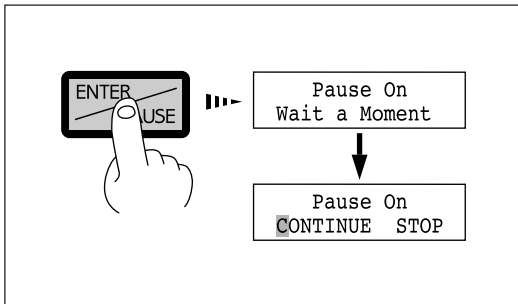
- 2 Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "CONTINUE," and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



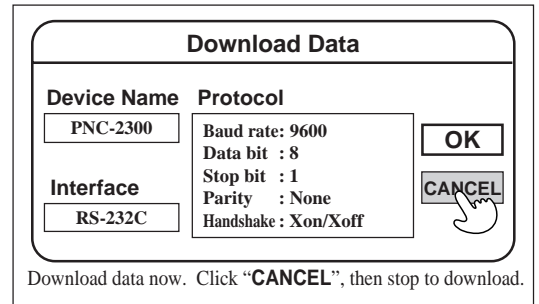
Stopping the Cutting Process

In the case that you begin cutting and then find that you have sent the wrong cutting data, perform the following operation.

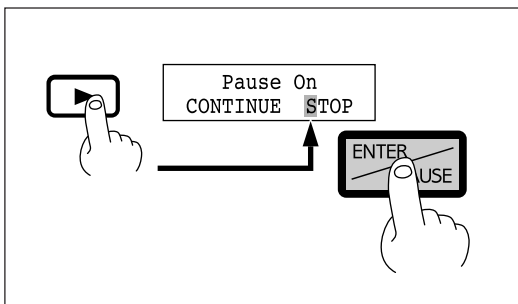
- 1 Press the **[ENTER/PAUSE]** key while cutting is in progress. One cutting step is performed, after which operation stops. The display changes to show the following message.



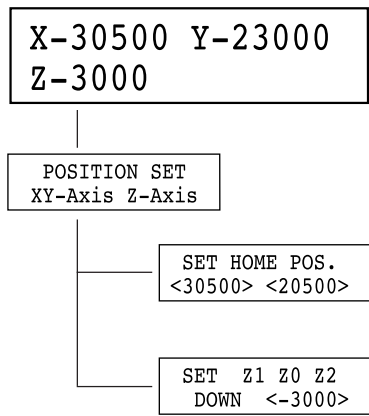
- 2 Use the software to stop data output.



- 3 Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "STOP," and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



Explanation of the Display Menus

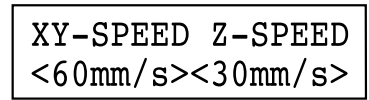


This shows the current position of the cutter (in coordinates). The coordinate values indicate the home position as the origin point on the X and Y axes, and the Z0 point as the origin point on the Z axis.

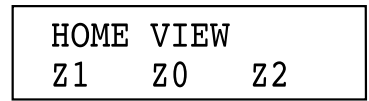
It is possible to move from this menu to submenus for setting the X- and Y-axis origin point (home position), the Z-axis origin point (Z0), the cutter-up position (Z2), the cutter down position (Z1).

This sets the X- and Y-axis origin point (home position). Use the arrow keys to move the cutter to the desired location for the home position, and press the **[ENTER]** key. For details, see “Setting the Origin (Home Position)” on page 12.

This sets the Z-axis origin point (Z0), cutter-up position (Z2), and cutter down position (Z1). Move the blinking cursor (“**█**”) on the display to “**Z0**,” “**Z1**,” or “**Z2**,” align the tip of the cutter to the height to be set, then press the **[ENTER]** key. For details, see “Setting the Z0 Position” on page 11 or “Setting the Z1 and Z2 Position” on page 16.



This shows the X/Y-axis feed rate and the Z-axis feed rate. Move the blinking cursor (“**█**”) on the display to “**XY-SPEED**” or “**Z-SPEED**” use the **[▲]** or **[▼]** key to set the speed, and press the **[ENTER]** key. For details, see “Feeding Speed” on page 13.



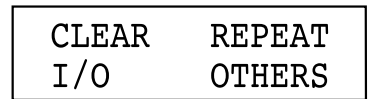
“HOME”
This moves the cutter to the current home position (XY origin point).

“VIEW”
This raises the cutter to its highest point and moves the XY table to the front left.

“Z1”
This starts the spindle motor and moves the cutter to the current cutter-down position. Spindle rotation and cutter changing do not take place while the cover is open.

“Z0”
This moves the cutter to the current Z-axis origin point.

“Z2”
This moves the cutter to the current cutter-up position.



The submenus for “**I/O**” are described on the following page.

The submenus for “**OTHERS**” are described on page 26.

“CLEAR”
This deletes any cutting data stored in the data buffer.

“REPEAT”
This loads cutting data that is stored in the data buffer and performs cutting. This makes it possible to cut multiple copies of the same shape. **“REPEAT”** is displayed only when the data buffer has been expanded to 1 MB. For details, see “Performing Repeat Cutting” on page 21.

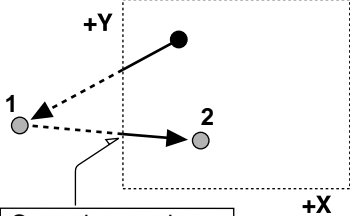
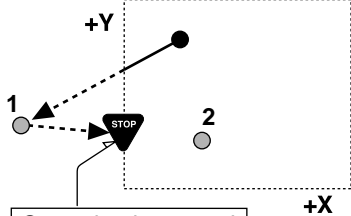
“I/O”
This changes to the menu for the connection interface and setting communication parameters for serial communication.

“OTHERS”
This changes to the menu for making other settings.

I/O

	<div>INPUT</div> <div>PARA SERI<AUTO></div>	<p>“I/O” Default : AUTO This sets the type of interface connected to the computer. When set to “AUTO,” the interface type (parallel or serial) is determined automatically. However, serial communication parameters (baud rate, parity checking, stop bit, data bit, and handshaking settings) are not determined and must be set.</p>
	<div>STOP</div> <div><1> 2</div>	<p>“STOP” Default : 1 This sets the number of stop bits when using a serial connection. Either 1 bit or 2 bits can be selected.</p>
	<div>DATA</div> <div>7 <8></div>	<p>“DATA” Default : 8 This sets the data bit length when using a serial connection. A length of either 7 bits or 8 bits can be selected.</p>
	<div>PARITY</div> <div><NONE>ODD EVEN</div>	<p>“PARITY” Default : NONE This makes the setting for parity checking when using a serial connection. The available selections are no parity (“NONE”), even parity (“EVEN”), and odd parity (“ODD”).</p>
	<div>BAUDRATE</div> <div><9600> 4800</div>	<p>“BAUDRATE” Default : 9600 This sets the baud rate when using a serial connection. The available selections are 9600, and 4800 bps.</p>
	<div>HANDSHAKE</div> <div><HARD> XON/OFF</div>	<p>“HANDSHAKE” Default : HARD This sets the handshaking mode when using a serial connection. Either hardware (HARD) handshaking or Xon/Xoff control can be selected.</p>

OTHERS

<div>REVOLUTION</div> <div><ON> OFF</div>	<p>“REVOLUTION” Default : ON When set to “OFF,” cutting can be performed without rotating the spindle.</p>
<div>OVER AREA</div> <div><CONTINUE>PAUSE</div>	<p>“OVER AREA” Default : CONTINUE This selects the action when the cutter returns from a coordinate outside the cutting range to a coordinate inside the range. (The cutter cannot actually be moved outside the cutting range, but the PNC-2300's internal processing handles this as if it had.) “CONTINUE” : Operation is not paused upon return to the cutting range. Cutting continues without interruption. “PAUSE” : Operation is paused when the cutter returns to the cutting range.</p>
<div>“CONTINUE”</div> <div>Cutting area (305 mm × 230 mm (12" × 9"))</div>  <div>Operation continues</div>	<div>“PAUSE”</div> <div>Cutting area (305 mm × 230 mm (12" × 9"))</div>  <div>Operation is paused</div>
<div>--- : Tool path</div> <div>● : Coordinate point</div>	
<div>SMOOTHING</div> <div>OFF <ON></div>	<p>“SMOOTHING” Default : ON Smoothing is a function for cutting smooth arcs and circles. This is set to “ON” when shipped from the factory. If smooth engraving is not desired, set this to “OFF.”</p>
<div>Z0/Z1/Z2 MEMORY</div> <div>OFF <ON></div>	<p>“Z0/Z1/Z2 MEMORY” Default : ON This toggles the Z0, Z1 and Z2 points memory function on or off. When set to “ON,” the Z0, Z1 and Z2 points remain in memory even after the power is switched off.</p>
<div>RESOLUTION</div> <div><0.01mm>0.025mm</div>	<p>“RESOLUTION” Default : 0.01 mm/step This selects the unit used for coordinates. Either 0.01 mm/step or 0.025 mm/step can be selected. Changing the coordinate unit causes only the coordinate units for the X and Y axes to change. The coordinate unit along the Z axis is always 0.01 mm/step.</p>
<div>COMMAND MODE</div> <div>1 2 <AUTO></div>	<p>“COMMAND MODE” Default : AUTO This selects the instruction system for data sent from the computer. When set to “AUTO,” the instruction system is determined automatically. If automatic determination is not made correctly, find out what instruction system the application software (or driver software) uses for data that is sent, and change this setting to “1” or “2.” Refer to the manual for the software to determine the instruction system of sent data.</p>
<div>REVOLUTION TIME</div> <div>10 hours</div>	<p>“REVOLUTION TIME” This shows the rotation time of the spindle. The spindle rotation time cannot be returned to “0” (zero). For details, see “Display of Spindle Rotation Time” on page 29.</p>

Maintenance

NOTICE

When cleaning the PNC-2300, make sure that the main unit's power OFF.

Cleaning the Main Unit

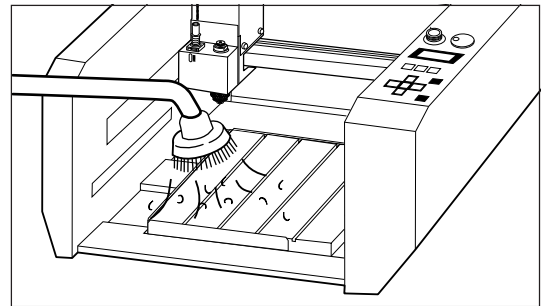
When the main unit becomes dirty, use a dry cloth to wipe it.

Cleaning After Operation

CAUTION

Please use a vacuum cleaner to remove cutting dust. Do not use any blower like airbrush. Otherwise, dust spread in the air may harm your health or damage this machine.

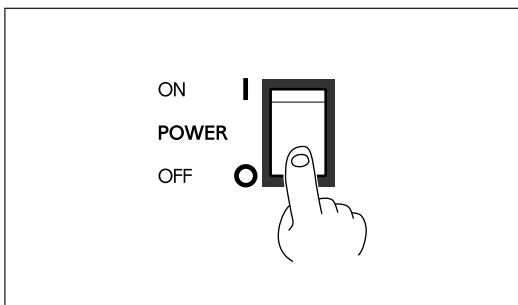
After cutting work is completed, use a vacuum cleaner to clean the PNC-2300 main unit and the surrounding area of cutting dust.



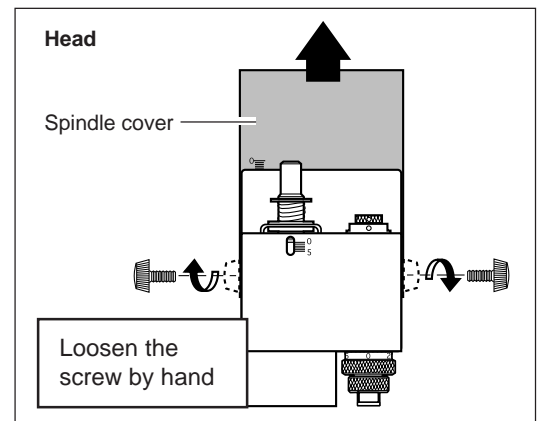
Replacing the Motor Brushes

The brushes for the spindle motor should be replaced periodically. As a general guide, replacement after every 1,000 hours of spindle rotation is suggested. For an explanation of how to check the spindle rotation time, see “Display of Spindle Rotation Time” on page 29.

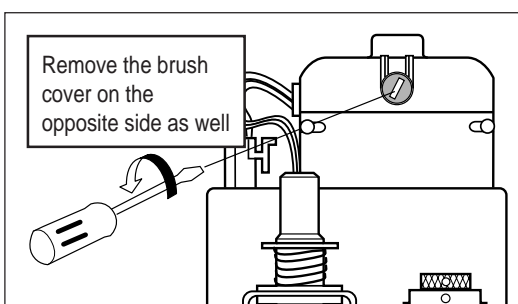
- 1** Turn the power OFF.



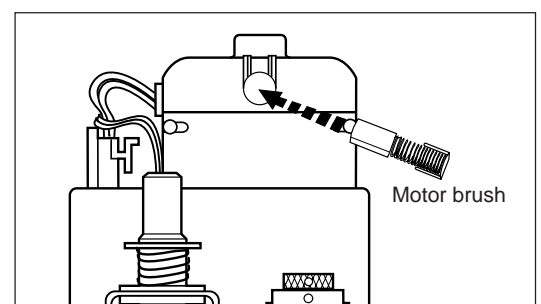
- 2** Loosen the screws on the left and right, and remove the spindle cover.



- 3** Use a commercially available flathead screwdriver to remove the front and rear brush covers.

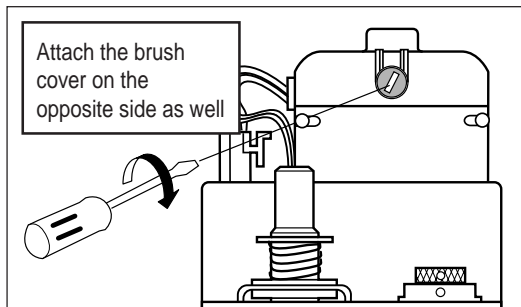


- 4** Remove the old motor brush and replace with a new one.



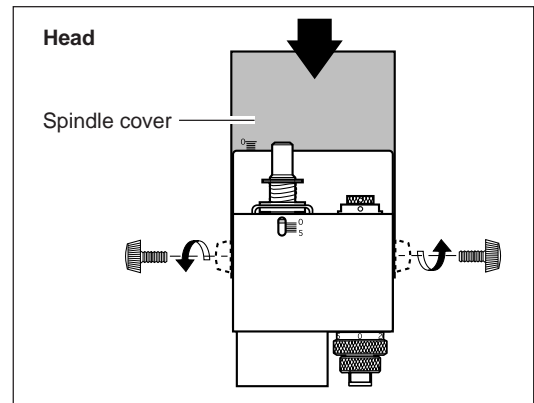
5

Reattach the brush covers.



6

Reattach the spindle cover.



Included with the PNC-2300 are two motor brushes (one set) which can be used the first time the motor brushes are replaced. Contact Roland DG Corp. when replacing for the second time or after.

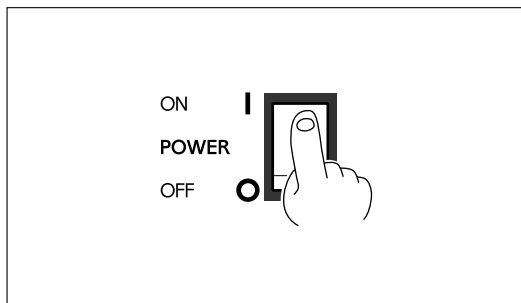
The above three cleaning operations are the only maintenance procedures that the customer needs to perform. Oil supply and other maintenance are not required.

Checking the Spindle Motor

Operate the spindle motor alone, with no cutter installed or material loaded.

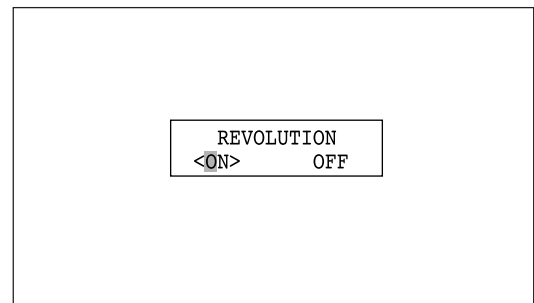
1

Turn the power ON.



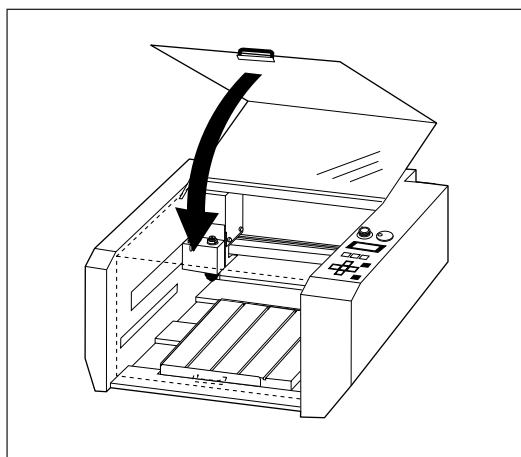
2

Display the screen shown below and make sure that "REVOLUTION" is set to "ON."



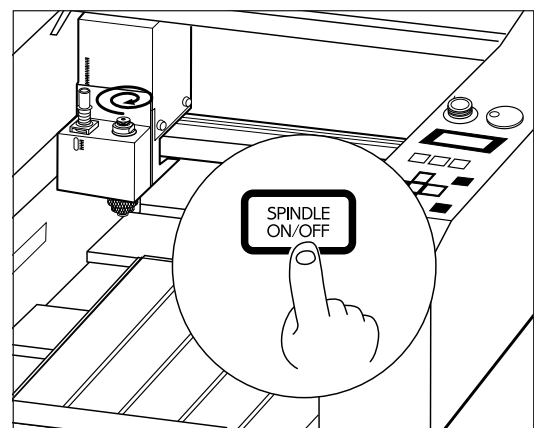
3

Close the cover.



4

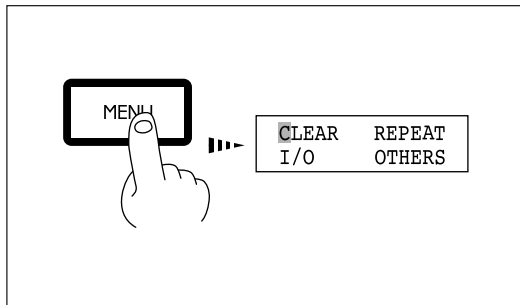
Press the [SPINDLE ON/OFF] key to rotate the spindle.



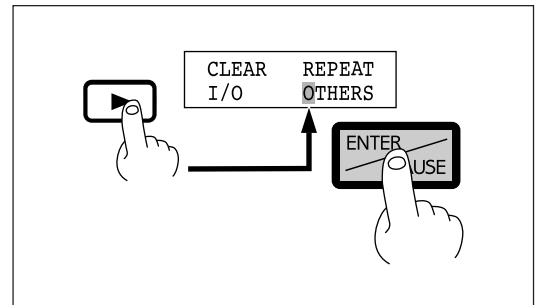
Display of Spindle Rotation Time

The PNC-2300 has a function for the displaying the total rotation time of the spindle. The service life of the unit can be extended by carrying out periodic inspection. As a general guide, this inspection should be performed after every 500 hours of use.

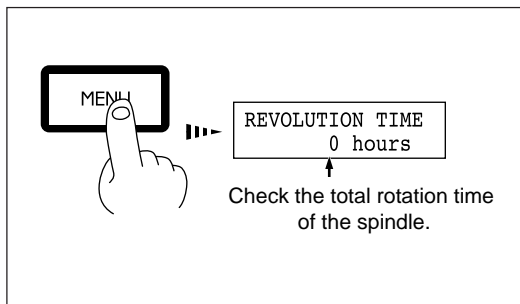
- 1** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



- 2** Press the **[▶]** key to move the blinking cursor ("█") to "OTHERS," and then press the **[ENTER]** key.



- 3** Press the **[MENU]** key to make the following screen appear on the display.



Recommended Service Checking

The PNC-2300 is a precision machine. In order to maintain it safely for operation over the long term, we recommend that it should be checked by a qualified serviceman. There is a charge for this service. Please take note of this in advance.

Maintenance to Be Performed by a Service Technician

- Inspection and maintenance at every 500 hours of spindle rotation time (refer to "Display of Spindle Rotation Time")
- Checking and adjustment of the spindle belt
- Replacement of consumable parts (spindle belt, spindle motor, and spindle unit)

Troubleshooting

If you want to completely stop the operation of the PNC-2300, turn off the power switch.

When the PNC-2300 does not work...

Is the cover open?	The PNC-2300 will not operate when the cover is open. Close the cover and try again.
Is operation paused?	If the [ENTER/PAUSE] key is pressed while the machine is in operation, the message “ Pause On ” appears on the display and operation is paused. Choose “ CONTINUE ” and press the [ENTER/PAUSE] key again to cancel the paused state.
Do the PNC-2300's connection parameter settings match the settings for the computer?	Refer to “Setting the Connection Parameters” on page 6 to make the correct settings.
Is the power for the PNC-2300 switched on? Has the connection cable come loose?	Make sure the PNC-2300 is powered up. Make sure the connection cable is plugged in securely with no looseness at either end.
Is the correct connection cable being used?	The type of connection cable varies according to the computer being used. Also, some application software requires the use of a special cable. Make sure the correct cable is being used.
Is the correct output device set for the application or driver software?	Refer to the manual for the application or driver software to set the output device correctly.

When the spindle does not rotate ...

Is “ REVOLUTION ” set to “ OFF ?”	If “ REVOLUTION ” is set to “ OFF ,” the spindle will cut without rotating. Refer to page 26 and change the setting for “ REVOLUTION ” to “ ON .”
---	--

The power does not come on...

Is the EMERGENCY STOP switch set to STOP (O)?	If the EMERGENCY STOP switch has been depressed, the power will not come on when the power switch is turned on. Refer to page 3 to set the EMERGENCY STOP switch to RELEASE ().
Has the power cord come loose?	Make sure the power cord is plugged in securely with no looseness at either end.

Cutting depth varies in places (deep and shallow cuts)

Is the workpiece flexing?	Check the setting and clamping of the workpiece.
Is the workpiece height uneven because of the double-sided tape used for securing it was stuck on poorly?	Check how well the material is secured and reload it.

* Cutting to the same depth, even of workpieces of different thicknesses can be done if the depth regulator nose is used.

Cutting line varies in places

Is the workpiece vibrating because the adhesive double sided tape was stuck on poorly?

Check where the double-sided tape is affixed and reload the material.

Engraving cannot be performed at the desired location

Is there a mistake in the home position setting?

Refer to page 12 of “Setting the Origin (Home Position)”. Use these procedures to set the home position correctly.

Was there a position error when the workpiece was replaced?

Check that workpiece position setting is correct.

The letters have been cut too deep (or too shallow) and cannot be read

Is the cutter mounted securely?

Refer to “Loading a Cutter” on page 8 to install the cutter securely.

Is there a mistake in the Z position?

Increase (or decrease) the “Z1” setting as needed.

When moving the cutter while in the up position the cutter tip contacts or pulls on the workpiece

Is there a mistake in the Z position?

Refer to page 16 of “Setting the Z1 and Z2 Position”. Increase the “Z2” setting as needed.

Burrs are present on grooves made during cutting

Is the cutter mounted securely?

Refer to “Loading a Cutter” on page 8 to install the cutter securely.

Is the tip of the cutter worn?

When the tip of the cutter is worn, replace with a new one.

Is the cutter feed speed too fast (spindle rotation speed too slow).

Refer to page 13 of “Feeding Speed” to find the correct feed speed “XY-SPEED” and “Z-SPEED”, and adjust the spindle rotation speed by referring to page 14 of “Spindle Motor Revolution Speed”.

The cutting finish is unsatisfactory

Separating the process of cutting the material into two stages makes for engraved results which are more attractive. After roughing out the general shape with “rough engraving,” “finishing” is performed to produce the final results. For instance, to cut letters to a depth of 0.3 mm, first of all rough cut to a depth of 0.25 mm. Then continue exactly the same kind of cutting to a depth of 0.3 mm.

Error Messages

An error message will appear if incoming data has any of the errors listed in table. Since the error is shown in the display for informational purposes, the data transfer continues and you are allowed to perform the next operation.

To get the error message to go away, press the **[MENU]** key.

Note that even though the error message is no longer displayed after you press the **[MENU]** key, the PNC-2300 will retain in memory the fact that the error occurred. To clear the error internally, you can give the default instruction, IN; or the error code output instruction, OE. (The error can be cleared by turning the power off.)

Error message	Meaning
Command Not Recognized	Appears if an instruction that the PNC-2300 cannot interpret is sent. This error is generated if an instruction from the “mode2” set is sent when the unit has been set to recognize “mode1,” or viceversa. Change the setting for the recognized instruction set, using the control panel, and this error should no longer occur.
Wrong Number of Parameters	Appears if the number of parameters differs from the permissible number.
Bad Parameter	Appears if the value specified for a parameter is out of the permissible range.
Unknown Character Set	Appears if an unusable character is specified.
Position Overflow	Appears if the polygon buffer is full.
I/O Err: Output Request Overlap	Appears if an output instruction is sent from the computer during execution of a previous output instruction. More precisely, there is a certain amount of delay between the moment an output instruction is given and the instant actual output begins. This error message appears if the new output request arrives during this delay time. (The delay time can be set using the [ESC].M instruction.)
I/O Err: Command Not Recognized	Appears if a device control instruction that the PNC-2300 cannot interpret is sent.
I/O Err: Wrong Parameter	Appears if an invalid parameter has been specified for a device control instruction.
I/O Err: Out of Parameter range	Appears if the value for a device control instruction parameter exceeds the permissible limit.
I/O Err:Terminatin Error	Appears if the number of parameters for a device control instruction is more than that permissible.
I/O Err:Framing/Parity Error	Appears if a framing error, parity error, or overrun error occurs at the time of data reception. (There is a problem with one of these settings: Baud Rate, Parity, Stop Bits, or Data Bits. The protocol settings for the PNC-2300 must be made correctly in order to match the settings your computer is set to use.)
I/O Err: Buffer Overflow	Appears if the I/O buffer has overflowed. (There is a problem with the connecting cable, or the settings for Handshaking. Make sure you are using a cable appropriate for the computer being used. Also, check that the setting for Handshaking is correct.)
I/O Err:Indeterminate Error	Appears if an indeterminate communication error other than the I/O errors described above has occurred.

Other Messages

Besides error messages related to commands or communication parameters, the following messages may also appear on the display.

Message	Meaning
CAN'T REPEAT TOO BIG DATA	This message appears if repeat cutting is attempted when the cutting data exceeds 1 MB. The data cannot all fit in the PNC-2300's data buffer, so repeat cutting cannot be performed.
CAN'T REPEAT COVER OPEN	This message appears if cutting is attempted while the cover is open.
CAN'T REPEAT BUFFER EMPTY	This message appears if repeat cutting is attempted when the data buffer is empty. Send cutting data before performing repeat cutting.
EMERGENCY STOP SPINDLE LOCK	The PNC-2300 stops automatically if an excessive load is placed on the spindle during cutting. The message shown at right appears at this time. The overload may be due to excessive hardness of the material, an excessive amount of cutting, or a feed rate that is too fast. Investigate the problem and eliminate the cause of the overload. The error can be cancelled by switching the power to the unit off and then on again.
EMERGENCY STOP COVER OPEN	If the cover is opened during cutting, an emergency stop is performed and this message appears. All cutting data stored in the PNC-2300 is deleted, and cutting cannot be continued. If this message appears, stop sending data from the computer. Switch the power off and back on again to cancel the error.
OPERATING ERROR CAN'T FIND LIMIT	A message may be displayed indicating that buildup of cuttings has obstructed table movement. Clean away all cuttings from around the table. Switch the power off and back on again to cancel the error.

List of CAMM-GL I Instructions

*1: $-(2^{26}-1) \rightarrow +(2^{26}-1)$ *2: $0 \rightarrow +(2^{26}-1)$ *3: $-(2^{26}-1)^{\circ} \rightarrow +(2^{26}-1)^{\circ}$

A “CAMM-GL I Programmer's Manual” is available for separate purchase for those wishing to create their own programs for this machine. For further information, please contact the nearest Roland DG Corp. dealer or distributor.

mode 1

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range [Default]
@ Input Z1 & Z2	@ Z1, Z2	Z1 Position on Z1 Z2 Position on Z2	-3000—0 [0] 0—+3000 [0]
H Home	H	None	
D Draw	D x1, y1, x2, y2, , xn, yn	xn, yn Absolute coordinate	* 1
M Move	M x1, y1, x2, y2, , xn, yn	xn, yn Absolute coordinate	* 1
I Relative Draw	I Δx1, Δy1, Δx2, Δy2, , Δxn, Δyn	Δxn, Δyn Relative coordinate	* 1
R Relative Move	R Δx1, Δy1, Δx2, Δy2, , Δxn, Δyn	Δxn, Δyn Relative coordinate	* 1
L Line Type	L p	p Line pattern	-5—+5 [Solid line]
B Line Scale	B l	l Pitch length	* 2 [1.5% of (P2-P1)]
X Axis	X p, q, r	p Coordinate axis q Tick interval r Repeat number	0, 1 * 1 1—32767
P Print	P c1c2.....cn	cn Character string	
S Alpha Scale	S n	n Character size	0—127 [3]
Q Alpha Rotate	Q n	n Rotation angle	0—3 [0]
N Mark	N n	n Number of special symbol	1—15
U User	U n	n	1 or 2 [1]
C Circle	C x, y, r, Ø1, Ø2 (, Ød)	x, y Center coordinate r Radius Ø1 Start angle Ø2 Completion angle Ød Resolution	* 1 * 1 * 3 * 3 * 3 [5°]
E Relative Circle	E r, Ø1, Ø2 (, Ød)	r Radius Ø1 Start angle Ø2 Completion angle Ød Resolution	* 1 * 3 * 3 * 3 [5°]
A Circle Center	A x, y	x, y Center coordinate	* 1 [x=0, y=0]
G A + Circle	G r, Ø1, Ø2 (, Ød)	r Radius Ø1 Start angle Ø2 Completion angle Ød Resolution	* 1 * 3 * 3 * 3 [5°]
K A + %	K n, l1, l2	n Angle of segment line l1 Length to end of segment line l2 Length to beginning of segment line	* 1 * 1 * 1
T Hatching	T n, x, y, d, t	n Hatching pattern x, y Length of rectangle side d Intervals between hatching lines t Hatching angle	0—3 * 1 * 1 1—4
V Velocity Z-axis	V f	f Feed rate for Z axis	0—30 [mm/sec] [2 [mm/sec]]
F Velocity X,Y-axis	F f	f Feed rate for X and Y axis	0—60 [mm/sec] [2 [mm/sec]]
Z XYZ Axis Simultaneous Feed	Z x1, y1, z1, , xn, yn, zn	xn, yn XY coordinate zn Z coordinate	* 1 * 1
O Output Coordinate	O	None	
W Dwell	W t	t Dwell time	0—32767 [msec] [0 [msec]]
! Turns or stops the spindle motor	! n	n	-32767—+32767 [0]
^ Call mode2	^ [mode2] [parameter] [parameter] [;]		

mode 2

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range [Default]
AA Arc Absolute	AA x, y, Øc (, Ød);	x, y Center coordinate Øc Center angle Ød Chord tolerance	* 1 * 3 * 1 [5°]
AR Arc Relative	AA Δx, Δy, Øc (, Ød);	Δx, Δy Center coordinate Øc Center angle Ød Chord tolerance	* 1 * 3 * 1 [5°]
CA Alternate Character Set	CA n; CA	n Character set No.	0—59, 99 [0]
CI Circle	CI r (, Ød);	r Radius Ød Chord tolerance	* 1 * 3 [5°]
CP Character Plot	CP nx, ny ; CP ;	nx, ny Number of character in X or Y-axis direction	* 1 * 1
CS Standard Character Set	CS n; CS ;	n Character set No.	0—59, 99 [0]
DF Default	DF ;	None	
DI Absolute Direction	DI run, rise ; DI ;	run X-axis direction vector rise Y-axis direction vector	-128—+128 [1] -128—+128 [0]
DR Relative Direction	DR run, rise ; DR ;	run X-axis direction vector rise Y-axis direction vector	-128—+128 [1] -128—+128 [0]
DT Defined Label Terminator	DT t ;	t Label terminator	[[ETX] (03h)]
EA Edge Rectangle Absolute	EA x, y ;	x, y Absolute coordinates of rectangle	* 1
ER Edge Rectangle Relative	ER Δx, Δy ;	Δx, Δy Relative coordinates of rectangle	* 1
EW Edge Wedge	EW r, Ø1, Øc (, Ød) ;	r Radius Ø1 Start angle Øc Center angle Ød Chord tolerance	* 1 * 3 * 3 * 3 [5°]
FT Fill Type	FT n (, d (, Ø)) ; FT ;	n Pattern d Spacing Ø Angle	1—5 [1] * 2 [1% of (P2x-P1x)] * 3 [0°]
IM Input Mask	IM e ; IM ;	e Error mask value	0—255 [223]
IN Initialize	IN ;	None	
IP Input P1 & P2	IP P1x, P1y (, P2x, P2y) ;	P1x, P1y XY coordinates of P1 P2x, P2y XY coordinates of P2	* 1 * 1
IW Input Window	IW LLx, LLy, URx, URy ;	LLx, LLy Lower left coordinates URx, URy Upper right coordinates	* 1 * 1
LB Label	LB c1c2.....cn [label terminator]	cn Character string	
LT Line Type	LT n (, l) ; LT ;	n Pattern number l 1 pitch length	0—6 [Solid line] * 2 [%] [1.5 % of (P2-P1)]
OA Output Actual Position	OA ;	None	
OC Output Commanded Position	OC ;	None	
OE Output Error	OE ;	None	
OF Output Factor	OF ;	None	
OH Output Hard-Clip Limits	OH ;	None	
OI Output Identification	OI ;	None	
OO Output Option Parameter	OO ;	None	
OP Output P1 & P2	OP ;	None	
OS Output Status	OS ;	None	
OW Output Window	OW ;	None	
PA Plot Absolute	PA x1, y1 (, x2, y2....., xn, yn) ; PA ;	xn, yn Absolute XY coordinates	* 1
PD Pen Down	PD x1, y1 (, x2, y2....., xn, yn) ; PD ;	xn, yn XY coordinates	* 1
PR Plot Relative	PR Δx1, Δy1 (, Δx2, Δy2....., Δxn, Δyn) ; PR ;	Δxn, Δyn Relative XY coordinates	* 1
PT Pen Thickness	PT d ; PT ;	d Tool width (diameter)	0—5 [mm] [0.3 [mm]]
PU Pen Up	PU x1, y1 (, x2, y2....., xn, yn) ; PU ;	xn, yn XY coordinates	* 1
RA Shade Rectangle Absolute	RA x, y ;	x, y Absolute coordinates of rectangle	* 1
RR Shade Rectangle Relative	RR Δx, Δy ;	Δx, Δy Relative coordinates of rectangle	* 1
SA Select Alternate Set	SA ;	None	
SC Scaling	SC Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax ; SC ;	Xmin, Ymin User XY coordinates of P1 Xmax, Ymax User XY coordinates of P2	* 1 * 1
SI Absolute Character Size	SI w, h ; SI ;	w Character width h Character height	-30—+30 [cm] [0.19 [cm]] -30—+30 [cm] [0.27 [cm]]
SL Character Slant	SL tanØ; SL ;	tanØ Character slant	* 1 [0]

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range [Default]
SM Symbol Mode	SM s ; SM ;	s Character or symbol	21h—3Ah, 3Ch—7Eh [Clears symbol mode]
SR Relative Character Size	SR w, h ; SR ;	w Character width h Character height	-128—+128 [%] [0.75 [%]] -128—+128 [%] [1.5 [%]]
SS Select Standard	SS ;		
TL Tick Length	TL lp (, ln) ; TL ;	lp Tick length in positive direction ln Tick length in negative direction	-128—+128 [%] [0.5 [%]] -128—+128 [%] [0.5 [%]]
UC User Defined Character	UC (c,) Δx1, Δy1 (,(c,) Δx2, Δy2...Δxn, Δyn) UC ;	c Tool control value Δxn,Δyn Units of movement	-128—99, +99—+128 -99<Δxn, Δyn<99
VS Velocity Select	VS s ; VS ;	s Feed rate for X and Y axis	0—60 [mm/sec] [2 [mm/sec]]
WG Shade Wedge	WG r, Ø1, Øc (, Ød) ;	r Radius Ø1 Start angle Øc Center angle Ød Chord tolerance	* 1 * 3 * 3 * 3 [5°]
XT X-Tick	XT ;	None	
YT Y-Tick	YT ;	None	

mode 1, mode 2 common instructions

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range [Default]
!DW Dwell	!DW t [terminator]	t Dwell time	0—32767 [0]
!IO Input Home Position	!IO x, y [terminator]	x, y Coordinates of home position (designate by machine coordinate)	* 1
!MC Motor Control	!MC n [terminator] !MC [terminator]	n Motor ON/OFF switching	-32768—32767 [motor ON]
!NR Not Ready	!NR [terminator]	None	
!OZ Output Z-coordinate	!OZ [terminator]	None	
!PZ Set Z1&Z2	!PZ z1 (, z2) [terminator]	z1 Z1 coordinates z2 Z2 coordinates	-3000—0 [0] 0—3000 [0]
!VZ Velocity select Z-axis	!VZ s [terminator]	s Feed rate (Z axis)	0—30 [mm/sec] [2 [mm/sec]]
!ZM XYZ Axis Simultaneous Feed	!ZM z [terminator]	z Z coordinate	-3000—0
!ZO Set Z0	!ZO z [terminator]	z Z machine coordinate	-3000—0
!ZZ Z	!ZZ x1, y1, z1, , xn, yn, zn [terminator]	xn, yn XY coordinate zn Z coordinate	* 1 * 1

Exclusive Commands for the PNC-2300

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range [Default]
CC Character Code Angle	CC Øc; CC;	Center angle	* 3 [5°]
ES ES Extra Space	ES w (, h); ES;	w Character spacing h Line spacing	*1 [0] *1 [0]
WD Write to Display	WD c1c2 ... cn; WD;	cn Character	CHR\$ (32) — CHR\$ (127), CHR\$ (160) — CHR\$ (223)

Device Control Instructions

The Device Control instructions determine how communication between the PNC-2300 and the computer will be handled using the RS-232C interface; and also are employed when relaying to the computer the status of the PNC-2300. Some of them can be used to format the output for CAMM-GL I instructions.

A Device Control instruction is composed of three characters: ESC (1Bh), a “.”, and an uppercase letter. There are also two types of device control instructions: one carries parameters and the other does not.

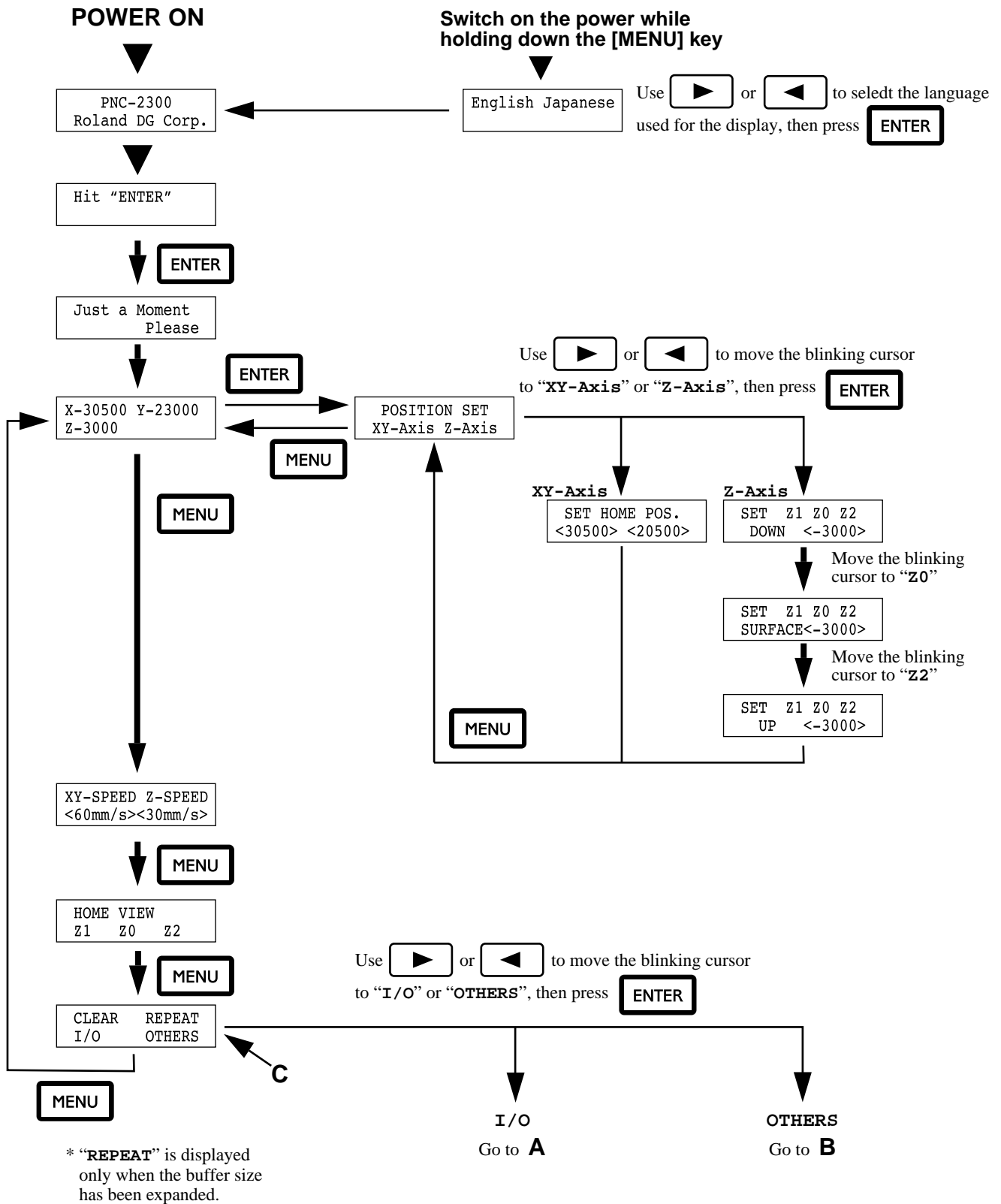
Parameters can be omitted. Semicolons, “;” are used as separators between parameters. A semicolon without parameters means that parameters have been omitted. Device Control instructions with parameters require a terminator to indicate the conclusion of the instruction. A colon “:” is used as the terminator, and it must not be omitted.

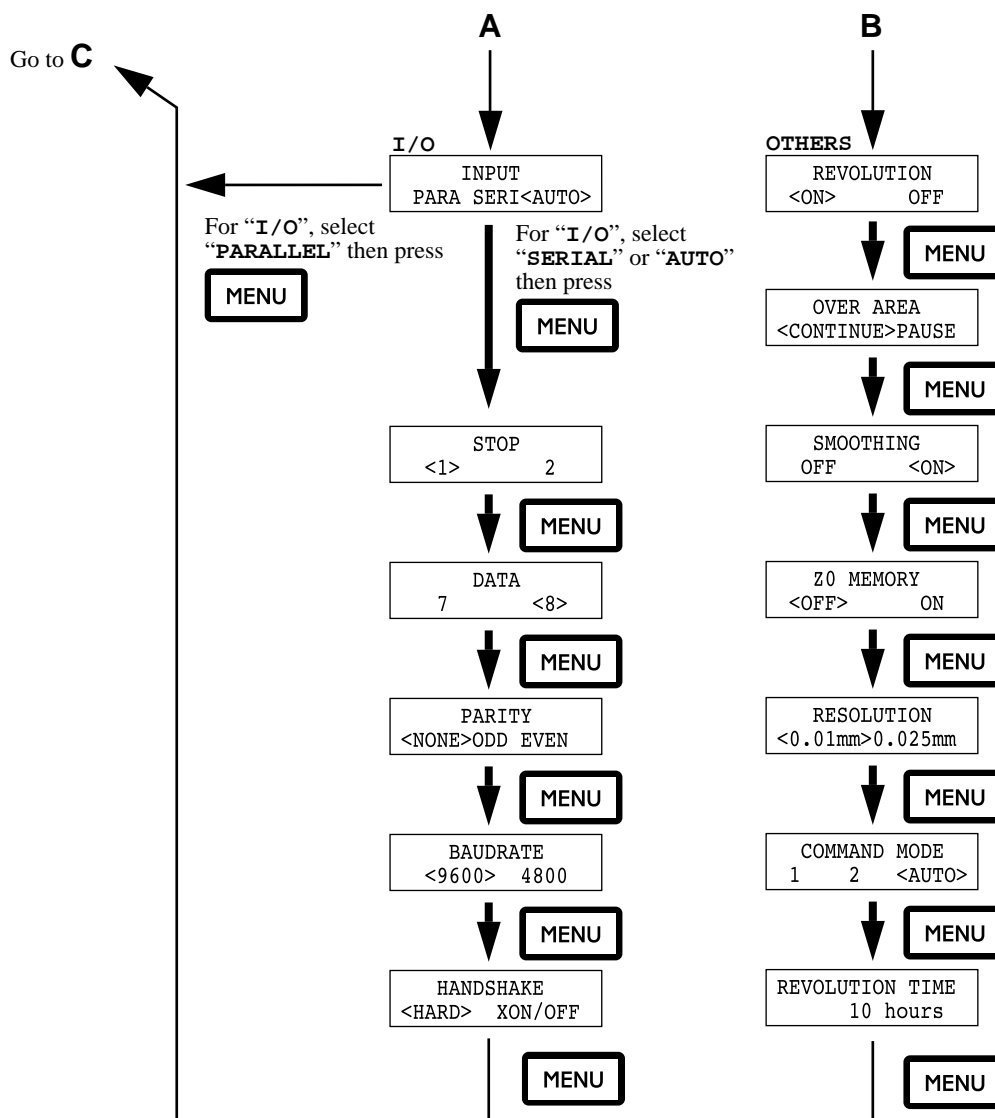
No terminator is necessary for Device Control instructions without parameters.

Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range ([] is default)	Explanation										
Handshake Instructions														
ESC .B Output Remaining Buffer Capacity	[ESC].B	None		Outputs the current remaining buffer capacity to the computer.										
ESC .M Set Handshake Output Specifications (1)	[ESC].M<P1>;<P2>;<P3>;<P4>;<P5>;<P6>;	P1: Delay time P2: Output trigger character P3: Echo terminator P4: Output terminator P5: Output terminator P6: Output initiator	0-32767 (msec) [0 (msec)] [0 (Sets nothing)] [0 (Sets nothing)] [13 ([CR])] [0 (Sets nothing)] [0 (Sets nothing)]	Sets handshake output specifications. Note: When you specify some values to <P4> and <P5>, always set 0 to <P6>. When you specify some value to <P6>, always set 0 to <P5>.										
ESC .N Set Handshake Output Specifications (2)	[ESC].N<P1>;<P2>;<P3>; ***** ;<P11>;	P1: Intercharacter delay P2-P11 : Xoff character (for Xon/Xoff) Immediate response character (for ENQ/ACK)	0-32767 (msec) [0 (msec)] [All 0 (Sets nothing)]	Sets an intercharacter delay, and also an Xoff character for performing the Xon/Xoff handshake.										
ESC .H Sets ENQ/ACK Handshake Mode1	[ESC].H<P1>;<P2>;<P3>; ***** ;<P12>;	P1: The number of bytes for data block P2: ENQ character P3-P12 : ACK character (only when <P2> is set)	0-15358 (byte) [80 (byte)] [0 (Sets nothing)] [All 0 (Sets nothing)]	When receiving the ENQ character set by <P2>, compares the value set by <P1> and the remaining buffer capacity, and returns the ACK character to the host computer when the remaining buffer capacity is larger. The [ESC].H with no parameter performs a dummy handshake.										
ESC .I Set Xon/Xoff Handshake and ENQ/ACK Handshake Mode2	[ESC].I<P1>;<P2>;<P3>; ***** ;<P12>;	P1: Limit of the remaining buffer capacity (for Xon/Xoff) The number of data block bytes (for ENQ/ACK (mode2)) P2: ENQ character (for ENQ/ACK (mode2)) 0 (for Xon/Xoff) P3-P12 : Xon character(for Xon/Xoff) ACK character (for ENQ/ACK (mode2))	0-15358 (byte) [80 (byte)] [0 (Sets nothing)] [All 0 (Sets nothing)]	Used for performing the Xon/Xoff handshake and the ENQ/ACK handshake mode 2. The [ESC].I instruction with no parameter performs a dummy handshake. In a dummy handshake, always returns the ACK character to the host computer, regardless of the remaining buffer capacity, when receiving the ENQ character.										
ESC .@ Controls DTR	[ESC].@ P1;P2:	P1: Ignored P2: DTR signal control	0-255 [1]	Controls the DTR signal (No. 20 pin of RS-232C). An even number parameter (e.g. 0) always sets the DTR signal to High without performing the hardware handshake. An odd number parameter (e.g. 1) performs the hardware handshake and controls the DTR signal according to the remaining buffer capacity.										
Status Instructions														
ESC .O Outputs the Status of Buffer, Pause	[ESC].O	None		Outputs the status codes of PNC-2300 shown in the table below. <table><tr><th>Code</th><th>Meaning</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Data remaining in buffer.</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>Buffer empty.</td></tr><tr><td>16</td><td>Data remaining in buffer. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).</td></tr><tr><td>24</td><td>Buffer empty. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).</td></tr></table>	Code	Meaning	0	Data remaining in buffer.	8	Buffer empty.	16	Data remaining in buffer. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).	24	Buffer empty. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).
Code	Meaning													
0	Data remaining in buffer.													
8	Buffer empty.													
16	Data remaining in buffer. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).													
24	Buffer empty. PNC-2300 being paused (Pause On being displayed).													

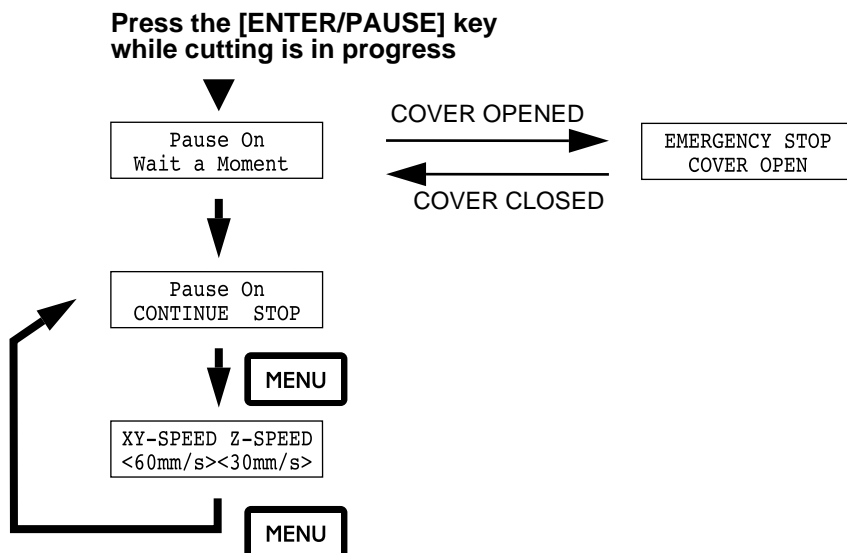
Instruction	Format	Parameter	Range ([] is default)	Explanation																
ESC .E Output RS-232C Error Code	[ESC].E	None		Outputs an error code related to RS-232C interface (see the table below), and clears the error simultaneously. At the same time, the error being displayed is canceled.																
				<table><tr><th>Error code</th><th>Possible cause and action</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>No I/O errors</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>Cause: after execution of an output command, other output instructions are sent before the output was not completed. Action: let the computer to read the PNC-2300 output by the output instruction and then send another output instruction.</td></tr><tr><td>11</td><td>Cause: an error occurs in a device control instruction. Action: correct your program.</td></tr><tr><td>13</td><td>Cause: parameters are overflowing. Action: correct your program.</td></tr><tr><td>14</td><td>Cause: the number of the parameters set is more than specified or a colon ':' was not used to terminate. Action: correct your program.</td></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>Cause: framing error, parity error or over-run error at the time of data receipt . Action: match the communication protocols of both computer and PNC-2300 (baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length).</td></tr><tr><td>16</td><td>Cause: the I/O buffer overflows. Action: This error does not occur when hardware handshake is performed, but may occur when software handshake is performed. If this error occurs, check the remaining buffer capacity of the PNC-2300 and send less data than the remaining buffer capacity.</td></tr></table>	Error code	Possible cause and action	0	No I/O errors	10	Cause: after execution of an output command, other output instructions are sent before the output was not completed. Action: let the computer to read the PNC-2300 output by the output instruction and then send another output instruction.	11	Cause: an error occurs in a device control instruction. Action: correct your program.	13	Cause: parameters are overflowing. Action: correct your program.	14	Cause: the number of the parameters set is more than specified or a colon ':' was not used to terminate. Action: correct your program.	15	Cause: framing error, parity error or over-run error at the time of data receipt . Action: match the communication protocols of both computer and PNC-2300 (baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length).	16	Cause: the I/O buffer overflows. Action: This error does not occur when hardware handshake is performed, but may occur when software handshake is performed. If this error occurs, check the remaining buffer capacity of the PNC-2300 and send less data than the remaining buffer capacity.
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16	Cause: the I/O buffer overflows. Action: This error does not occur when hardware handshake is performed, but may occur when software handshake is performed. If this error occurs, check the remaining buffer capacity of the PNC-2300 and send less data than the remaining buffer capacity.																			
ESC .L Output I/O buffer size	[ESC].L	None		PNC-2300 outputs the size of the I/O buffer to the computer when receiving this instruction. It usually outputs 1024 (bytes).																
Abort Instructions																				
ESC .J Abort Device Control Instruction	[ESC].J	None		Aborts both the currently executed device control instruction and output.																
ESC .K Abort CAMM-GL II Instruction	[ESC].K	None		Continues to execute the CAMM-GL II instruction in operation, aborts other incoming CAMM-GL II instructions and clears the data buffer.																
ESC .R Initialize Device Control Instruction	[ESC].R	None		Initializes all settings established by the device control instructions. Execution of [ESC].R brings the same states as the following device control instructions are executed. [ESC].J, [ESC].M., [ESC].N., [ESC].H., [ESC].I. and [ESC].@:																

Display Menus Flowchart



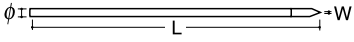
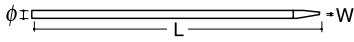
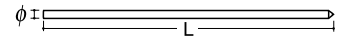
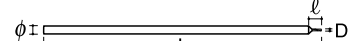


Menu Flowchart When Paused

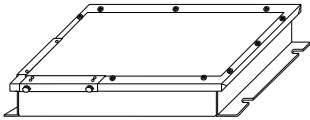
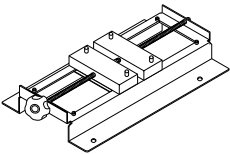


List of Options

Cutters

Item	No.	Description		
Engraving tools	ZEC-H2010	High speed steel	$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.10 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H2032		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.32 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H2050		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.50 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H2075		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.75 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H4010		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.10 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H4032		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.32 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H4050		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.50 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-H4075		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.75 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-U2032	Cemented carbide	$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.32 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-U2050		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.50 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-U4032		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.32 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZEC-U4050		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.50 \text{ (W)}$	
Flat tools	ZHS-H2100	High speed steel	$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 1.0 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZHS-H2150		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 1.5 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZHS-H2200		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 2.0 \text{ (W)} \times 3.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H2250		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 2.5 \text{ (W)} \times 3.5 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H2300		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 3.0 \text{ (W)} \times 4.5 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H4100		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 1.0 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZHS-H4150		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 1.5 \text{ (W)}$	
	ZHS-H4200		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 2.0 \text{ (W)} \times 3.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H4250		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 2.5 \text{ (W)} \times 3.5 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H4300		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 3.0 \text{ (W)} \times 4.5 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H4350		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 3.5 \text{ (W)} \times 5.5 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZHS-H4400		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 4.0 \text{ (W)} \times 6.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
Diamond Scraper	ZDC-D2000	Diamond	$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)}$	
	ZDC-D4000		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)}$	
Drills	ZMD-H2080	High speed steel	$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 0.8 \text{ (D)} \times 5.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZMD-H2100		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 1.0 \text{ (D)} \times 5.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZMD-H2150		$\phi 3.175 \times 110 \text{ (L)} \times 1.5 \text{ (D)} \times 6.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZMD-H4080		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 0.8 \text{ (D)} \times 5.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZMD-H4100		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 1.0 \text{ (D)} \times 5.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	
	ZMD-H4150		$\phi 4.36 \times 155 \text{ (L)} \times 1.5 \text{ (D)} \times 6.0 \text{ (ℓ)}$	

Others

Item	No.	
Vacuum table	ZV-23A	
Center vise	ZV-23C	
Spindle unit	ZS-23	
Spindle motor	ZM-23	

Specifications

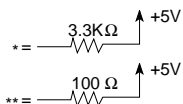
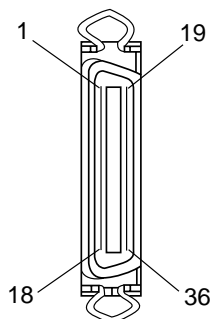
PNC-2300	
Table size	305 mm x 230 mm (12" x 9")
Max. cutting area	305 mm (X) x 230 mm (Y) x 30 mm (Z) (12" (X) x 9" (Y) x 1.18" (Z))
Feed rate	X, Y-axis : Max. 3600 mm (141") /min. Z-axis : Max. 1800 mm (70.8") /min.
Software resolution	0.01 mm (0.00394") /step or 0.025 mm (0.000984") /step (XY axis only)
Mechanical resolution	X, Y-axis : 0.00125 mm (0.0000492") /step (micro-step control) Z-axis : 0.01 mm (0.00394") /step
Spindle motor	30 W (DC motor)
Revolution speed	5,000—15,000 rpm
Tool chuck	Cutter holder and collet system
Interface	Parallel (in compliance with the specification of Centronics) Serial (under RS-232C standard)
Buffer size	1 KB (expandable up to 1 MB)
Instruction system	CAMM-GL I (mode1, mode2)
Control keys	MENU, ENTER/PAUSE, SPINDLE TEST ON/OFF, ▲, ▼, ◀, ▶, +Z, -Z, SPINDLE CONTROL, EMERGENCY STOP switch
Source	1.4 A / 117 V 0.7 A / 220—230 V 0.7 A / 230—240 V
Acoustic noise level	Cutting mode : 65 dB (A) or less Standby mode : 50 dB (A) or less (According to ISO 7779)
External dimensions	592 mm (W) x 530 mm (D) x 357 mm (H) (23-5/16" (W) x 20-7/8" (D) x 14-1/16" (H)) When cover is open: 592 mm (W) x 555 mm (D) x 725 mm (H) (23-5/16" (W) x 21-7/8" (D) x 28-9/16" (H))
Weight	31 kg (68.3 lb.)
Operation temperature	5—40°C (41—104°F)
Operation humidity	35 %—80 % (no condensation)
Accessories	Power cord: 1, Tool Holder (for f4.36 mm): 1, Collet (for f4.36 mm): 1, Wrenches (10 mm/21 mm): 2, Character cutter (f3.175 mm): 1, * Tool Holder (for f3.175 mm): 1, * Collet (for f3.175 mm): 1, * Depth regulator nose: 1, Hexagonal screw driver: 1, Spare tool securing screw: 1, Adhesive sheet: 1, Clamps: 3, Vacuum adapter set: 1, Motor brushes : 2, CAMM-2 DRIVER for Windows 3.1: 1, CAMM-2 DRIVER for Windows 95: 1, User's manual: 1 *..... Installed on the machine

Interface specification

[Parallel]	
Standard	In compliance with the specification of Centronics
Input signal	$\overline{\text{STROBE}}$ (1BIT), DATA (8BIT)
Output signal	BUSY (1BIT), $\overline{\text{ACK}}$ (1BIT)
I/O signal level	TTL level
Transmission method	Asynchronous
[Serial]	
Standard	RS-232C specification
Transmission method	Asynchronous, duplex data transmission
Transmission speed	4800, 9600 (Selected using panel keys.)
Parity check	Odd, Even, None (Selected using panel keys.)
Data bits	7 or 8 bits (Selected using panel keys.)
Stop bits	1 or 2 bits (Selected using panel keys.)

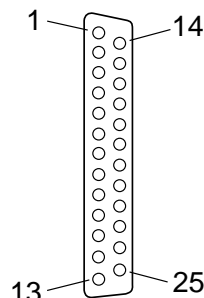
Parallel connector (in compliance with specifications of Centronics)

Signal number	Terminal number	Signal number	Pin connection
NC	36	18	HIGH**
HIGH*	35	17	GND
NC	34	16	GND
GND	33	15	NC
HIGH*	32	14	NC
NC	31	13	HIGH*
GND	30	12	GND
GND	29	11	BUSY
	28	10	ACK
	27	9	D7
	26	8	D6
	25	7	D5
	24	6	D4
	23	5	D3
	22	4	D2
	21	3	D1
	20	2	D0
	19	1	STROBE

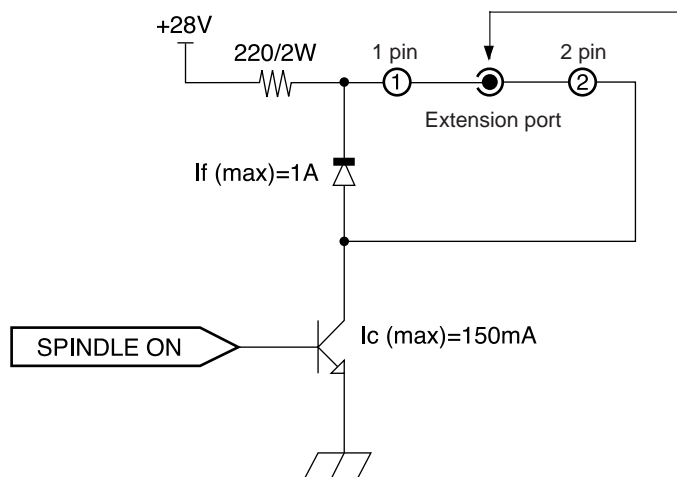


Serial connector (RS-232C)

Signal number	Terminal number	Signal number	Pin connection
NC	25	13	NC
NC	24	12	NC
NC	23	11	NC
NC	22	10	NC
NC	21	9	NC
DTR	20	8	NC
NC	19	7	SG
NC	18	6	DSR
NC	17	5	CTS
NC	16	4	RTS
NC	15	3	RXD
NC	14	2	TXD
	1		FG



External output connector

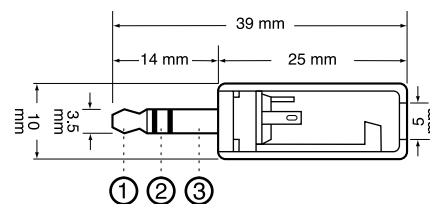


This circuit is activated when the spindle motor is in operation.

⚠ CAUTION

- Use within the rated range shown above.
- Do not apply voltage greater than 25 V to the terminal.
- Do not short the terminal to ground.

Compatible plug



Use only a triple-contact plug of the size described above.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not use terminal (3).
Use only terminals (1) and (2).

No responsible is assumed for effects to which any equipment connected to this external output connector is subjected.

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MEMO



PNC-2300